

Determinations of Wave-Length from Spectra Obtained at the Total Solar Eclipses of 1900, 1901 and 1905

F. W. Dyson

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VIII. Determinations of Wave-length from Spectra Obtained at the Total Solar Eclipses of 1900, 1901 and 1905.

By Professor F. W. Dyson, M.A., F.R.S., Astronomer Royal for Scotland, Professor of Astronomy in the University of Edinburgh. (Member of the Expeditions from the Royal Observatory, Greenwich.)

Received April 25,—Read May 17, 1906.

[Plate 9.]

THE following paper consists of a discussion of the photographs of the spectra of the chromosphere and corona obtained in three eclipse expeditions from the Royal Observatory, Greenwich. Preliminary reports of the expeditions of 1900 and 1905, where I was one of Sir William Christie's party, are given in the 'Proceedings,' vol. 67, p. 393, and A, vol. 77, p. 28, and a preliminary report of the expedition to Sumatra in 1901 is given by me in the 'Proceedings,' vol. 69, p. 235. For these eclipse expeditions two spectroscopes were kindly lent by Major Hills, the same spectroscopes he used for photographing the chromosphere and corona at the Indian Reference is made in the preliminary reports to the large amount eclipse of 1898. of assistance received by voluntary helpers in these expeditions; for special assistance in the spectrographic observations I am greatly indebted to Mr. J. J. Atkinson, Mr. Arthur Berry, and Captain Brett. The spectrograms were measured at the Royal Observatory, Greenwich, by Mr. Davidson and myself, and I have profited by Mr. Davidson's assistance and advice in the preliminary arrangement and adjustments of the spectroscopes as well as in the subsequent measurements and discussion.

1. Details of the observations and of the adjustments of the spectroscopes are given in the 'Proceedings,' vols. 67, 69, and 77. The following is a brief account of the spectrograms of the chromosphere measured:—

Slit a few minutes inside Taken at Ovar, 1900, May 28. Second Contact. the Tangent to Limb.

Flint Glass Spectroscope.—Minimum deviation at H_v.

(No. 6.) Spectrum consists entirely of bright lines and extends from H_B (4862) to K (3933). Only 50 of the brightest lines are shown.

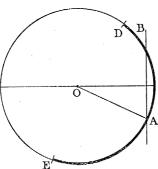
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(No. 5.) Spectrum shows between 250 and 300 bright lines, but shows also continuous spectrum and some absorption lines. The

definition is good from 4580 to 4100.



(No. 2.) About 150 lines are very strongly shown on the violet side of H_y. They are short lines standing out from a perfectly black continuous spectrum. If in the diagram A be the point of second contact, and DE be the crescent a little before totality, the image of the sun was adjusted so that the slit might pass through A. Spectrum No. 2 is the spectrum at B, while (5) and (6) are at A.

Quartz Spectroscope.—Minimum deviation at 3650. Quartz objective focussed for 3750.

- (No. 8.) Taken after totality and contains 17 lines from h (4101) to Ti (3685). Measured for the wave-lengths of the hydrogen series.
- (No. 7.) Taken after totality. Contains 36 lines extending from h (4101) to Ti at 3685.
- (No. 6.) Extends from h (4101) to Sc at 3572. This photograph contains 300 lines in excellent definition and free from any continuous spectrum.
- (No. 5.) This photograph shows a continuous spectrum with very few absorption lines and 500 bright lines extending from 4180 to 3460.
- (No. 4.) Contains about 300 lines between 4170 and 3474. The brightest lines run through the whole spectrum, but, generally speaking, it consists of a continuous spectrum alongside a solar spectrum.
- (No. 3.) Contains about 150 lines extending from 4101 to 3510, and approximates in character somewhat to (No. 2).
- (No. 2.) Contains about 150 lines from 4101 to 3460 by the side of a solar spectrum, which is over exposed at the blue end, but not in the extreme ultra-violet.
- (No. 1.) Shows a few of the strong chromospheric lines in the extreme ultra-violet, between 3510 and 3341. The photograph has been measured and wave-lengths deduced, but as this part of the spectrum was obtained better in Sumatra, the deduced wave-lengths have not been used.

Ovar, 1900, May 28. Third Contact.

Flint Spectroscope.

(No. 52.) This photograph contains about 300 lines, extending from 4670 to 4026. There is a continuous spectrum with a very occasional absorption line. There are a few lines to the red of 4670 and the violet of 4026, but the definition is not good and they have not been measured.

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Quartz Spectroscope.

- (No. 14.) Contains 20 lines from 4101 to 3685.
- (No. 15.) Contains 100 lines from 4179 to 3613. No continuous spectrum.
- (No. 16.) Contains 160 lines from 4179 to 3572. Beyond this point the definition is bad and the spectrum not used. The lines are seen on a continuous spectrum in which practically no absorption lines are seen.
- (No. 17.) Contains about 130 lines and extends from 4101 to 3474. spheric lines are short tips by the side of a continuous spectrum which shows absorption lines at the violet end, but is much over-exposed in the blue.

The programme of observations in 1901 was arranged to supplement as far as possible those made in 1900 with the flint glass spectroscope towards the red and with the quartz spectroscope in the ultra-violet. A suggestion of Mr. Davidson's was used to give a longer piece of spectrum in focus, two plates inclined at a suitable angle being used instead of one.

1901, May 17, Sumatra.

Flint Spectroscope.—Minimum deviation H.

- (No. 5.) Contains 200 lines from 5670 to 4426 and 70 lines from 4401 to 4077. This photograph consists entirely of bright lines with no continuous spectrum.
- (No. 4.) Contains 180 lines from 5658 to 4460 and 60 lines from 4401 to 4101. The spectrum is measured on the edge of a continuous spectrum.

Quartz Spectroscope.—Minimum deviation 3400. Objective focussed for 3400.

- (No. 7.) Contains 20 lines from 3970 to 3685 with no continuous spectrum.
- (No. 6.) Contains 160 lines from 4036 to 3641 with no continuous spectrum.
- (No. 5.) Contains 160 lines from 4042 to 3600. The chromospheric spectrum is measured on the two edges of the continuous spectrum.
- (No. 3.) About 100 lines are measured on the sides of the continuous spectrum from 4035 to 3510. At about this point the band divides into two parts, the continuous spectrum disappears, and the chromospheric spectrum is seen as two series of dots or very short lines. About 100 lines are shown between these limits. explanation of this spectrum is that the crescent was cut by the slit in two points, each of which furnishes a chromospheric spectrum; these spectra are quite clear and distinct from 3500 to 3300 (the quartz objective being focussed for wave-length 3400), but nearer the blue end of the spectrum the want of focus of the objective introduces the solar spectrum as well.

The measurement of the spectra in which there was no continuous spectrum presented no difficulties, and, generally speaking, where there was a continuous spectrum the bright lines were sufficiently strong across it and showed tips at the edges to make their identification and measurement quite certain. In cases where the absorption lines in the solar spectrum are very strong, the corresponding chromospheric lines were to some extent weakened and uncertain in parts of the spectrum for which the objective was not in focus. Some of these lines, e.g., 4063 76 Fe 20 (in ⊙), 4071.91 Fe 15 (in ⊙), are not shown as strongly as in Sir Norman Lockyer's and other spectra, where an objective prism was used.

2. The spectra were measured by comparison with a glass scale whose division errors had been previously determined. Wave-lengths were determined from each photograph, in some cases by interpolation from a table and in others by Hartmann's formula. It seemed impracticable to give all the results from the separate photographs, and the means only are given. The number of photographs on which a line has been measured is given as well as the intensity. The scale of intensities must be considered as applying to lines in neighbouring parts of the spectrum.

The following table, extending from the titanium line at 3685 to the end of the series of hydrogen lines, is given as a specimen of the results of the separate photo-The numbers at the head of the columns refer to the separate photographs taken with the quartz spectroscope:—

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																				<u></u>																
	duced -length	and intensity.	:	88	73 0	39 1	35 3	05 1	58 2	78 3	33 0	21 2	25 1	89 2	61 0	58 2	.62 1	46 3	73 0	43 1	.81 0	90 2	.85 2	0 18	54 3	.64 1	.92 3	50 3	10.	0.1	.50 0	37 1	93 4	0 02	34 3	35 15
	De	inte		3659 -88	3660 · 73	3661 -39	3662.35	3663 •05	3663.58	3664 · 78	3665 -33	3666 -21	3667 - 25	3667 -89	3668·61	3669 -58	3670.62	3671.46	3671 -73	3672.43	3672.81	3673 -90	3674.85	3675 .87	3676 54	3677 -64	3677-92	3679.50	3680.01	3681 -01	3681.50	3682·37	3682-93	3683.70	3684 .34	3685 - 35
		act.	17.	н	l	1	0.1	ı	н	-	1	I		-	1	1	1	67	I	ı	. 1	67	63	١	Ø	1	α 1	67	ſ	ļ	- 1	1	જ	ı	-	9
		Third contact.	16.	1	ı	-	61	0	-	-	1	н	1	н	ı	1	1	01	ı	0	-	-	0	1	63	0	1	1	ı	0	ı	I	ca.	1	0	10
		Thi	15.	1	ł	ı	i	ı	ı	ı	ı	- 1	-	ı	ı	ı	J		i	I	ı	1	ı	I	0	ı	0	0	ı	1	ı	1	-	I	ı	10
	ar.		.9	67	ı	0	01	ı	0	Н	1	H	-	=	ı	01	1	C)	ı	ı	0	01	Н	1	ಣ	ı	ಣ	က	-	ı	ı	I	4	0	c7	15
	Ovar.	act.	5.	03	0	0	ಣ	1	-	01	0	63	г	1	0	જા	-	C/3	0		ı	67	81	0	87	١	2/1	81	-	-	н	-	ಣ	0	H	10
Intensity.		Second contact.	4.	ಣ	1	ı	ಣ	1	01	ಣ	1	Н	1	н	1	01	ı	ಣ	1	Т	I	63	87	I	ಣ	l	ಣ	ಣ	ı	7	ı	0	ಣ	0	က	10
I	American control of the second	Seco	ಣೆ	н	I	1	-	ı	0	-	1	_	1	7	1	01	ı	-	Н	ı	1	67	-		61	ı	-	67	-	ı	1	1	ಣ	ı	ı	9
			23	-	ı	ı	က	- 1	ı	63	ı	જા	1	23	1	83	1	67	1	ı	ı	ı	-	ı	61	H	-	0.1		-	1	1	61	1		9
			6.	ı	ı	-	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı		1		1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	١	г	ı	г	7	ı		ı	1.	н	ı	ı	t-
	Sumotro	unianta.	. 60	ı	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-		-	ı	0	1	7	1	1	ı	-	7	١	67	ı	-	Ø	ı	ı	ı		ಣ	1	ı	6
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)t.	17.	.84	ı	ı	78:	1	09.	.81	1	ŀ	ı	.85	ı	.40	ı	09.	1	ı	ı	16.	96.	1	7 9.	l	66.	.52	ı	ı	I	-	16.	ı	.37	.4
		Third contact.	16.	-63	1	1	.37	66.	-72	.75	1	98.	ı	96.	1	19.	ı	.48	-	.45	I	.85	.85	اب	.62	89.	66.	.53	ı	60.	ı	1	68	ı	88	88
		Thir	15.		ı	-	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	1		1	1	1	ı		ı	ı	1	ı		19.		16.	.53		1	ı	ı	-64	ı	ŀ	.53
	ı.i		.6	88	ı	.46	.40	1	79.	.83		.15	.56	68.	ı	09.	ļ	.58	ı	1	.81	.95	66	1	.52	İ	68.	.46	-05	1	1	ı	86.	-74	:33	.34
	Ovar.			88	.73	77	.95	.11	.21	-73	 83	-18		 06-	.61	-54	.es	.21	т.	-48	1	-87	·	.87	19.	1		-47	66.	8.	.20	.35	-64	19.	65.	75.
ıgth.		Second contact.	4-	88.			.e.			15		13		66	1		1			-37	1	-6-		I	96		.87	.48					96	89.	37	-34
Wave-length.		Second													-+														· •••							
*			ණ 	16.		.ş.	. .			.78		•		.8				.4-	£7.		*		08· 	- 		-	68.	•48			-		-92			
			6i 	08.			-9e. 	1	-	.73	1	.53		<u>*</u>	-	<u>.</u>			1	-		-		-	09.	69.		-45			- 1		-05	-	& 	.41
			.9	1	1	1	1	ı	1	Ì	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	· I	1	.54	1	.83	45	1	1	ı	1	%	1	i	88
	3	Sumatra.	ಣೆ	ı	ı	1	.54	1	-49	98.	1	.31	I	66.	ı	.51	1	.43	ı	ı	1	.61	-75	1	19.	ľ	88.	.57	i	ì	1	j	.15	1		88.
			٠,		1	ı	ı	1	1	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	.47	ı	.34	ı	1	ı	.83	ı	ı	.45	1	.01	97.	ı	ı	ı	ı	.87	1	1	89.

As regards the identification of the lines, Rowland's Solar Spectrum was first compared with the chromospheric spectrum, and was, to a certain extent, a very good guide. Comparison with arc spectra—e.g., the titanium, chromium, &c., spectra of Hasselberg—was generally speaking a complete failure. Comparison was next made with Exner and Haschek's Spark Spectra, and the great majority of the stronger lines of the chromospheric spectrum were at once seen to be strong spark-lines of titanium, chromium, scandium, yttrium, iron, manganese, and zirconium.

It seemed desirable to give with the wave-lengths the intensities in the sun and in the spark, and for completeness the intensity in the arc is also given. The intensities in the sun were taken from Rowland, in the spark from Exner and Haschek, in the arc from Kayser and Runge for iron, Ca, Mg, Al, &c.; from Hasselberg for titanium, chromium, manganese, nickel and cobalt; from Rowland and Tatnall for zirconium, vanadium and lanthanum. The intensities in the arc spectra were revised and many additions to the intensities both in the arc and spark were afterwards made from Mr. Jewell's discussion of his observations at Pinehurst (Publications of U.S. Naval Observatory, Washington, 1905). In the column giving the intensity in the arc, 0 denotes that the line is not found in the list with which comparison has been made to distinguish from —, where no information has been found. I have not attempted to push the identification of the lines further than seemed reasonably probable.

For the part of the spectrum from H_{β} to D_3 , which depends entirely on photographs taken in Sumatra, I have given Mr. Lord's results for comparison. The definition of my spectra in this part was not very good.

s	pectrum of			Probabl	e identifica	tion.		
chro	omospher	e.		Wave-		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3295 •91	1	2	_			_		
3302 • 98	1	2						Probably Na.
3303 48	1	1	_		_		_	Fromany Na.
3313 •92	1	0	Ph. Date	Proper		Nones,		
3321.54	1	1				-	_	
3323 .00	2	2	Ti	3323 .06	30		5	
3324 • 14	1	0	_	3324 • 20	_		4N	
3326 ·87	1	1	Ti	3326 •91	10		5	
3329 •53	2	2	Ti	3329 57	20		5	
3332 · 18	2	ì	Ti	3332 •24	15		3	
3335 29	2	2	Ti	3335 · 30	20		4	
3336 - 51	1	1	Cr	3336 •48	8			•
3339 99	1, ,	1	, Cr	3339 99	10		3	
3340 • 48	2	3	Ti	3340 •46	15		3	
3341 •98	2	4	Ti	3341 •97	20		4	
3342.72	1	1	Cr	3342 72	10		3	
3343 90	1	0	Ti	3343 •91	7	3	. 4	
3346 • 95	1	1	Ti	3346 • 90	7	. 8	. 2	

$\mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{I}}$	ectrum of			Probabl	e identifica	ition.		
chro	mospher	e.		Wave-		Intensity	•	
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3347 •98	1	1	Cr	3347 • 97	6		3	
3349 • 14	2	5	Ti	3349 · 17	20	3	9	
3349 • 55	2	5	Ti	3349.60	10		7	
3349 · 81	1	0			_			
3353 ·84	1	. 1	Sc	3353 •88	20	_	4	
3358 65	1	2	Cr	3358 .65	9	_	4	Identified in sun as Ti, Cr.
3360 · 36	1	2	Cr	3360 .48	10	3	. 1	
3361 · 34	2	6	Ti	3361 •33	50	10	8	
3368 • 20	2	5	Cr	3368 • 19	10	5	5	
3369 • 04	1	1	Sc	3369 08	10	_	3	
0000 01	_	_	f Se	3372 · 31	10		0	
3372 • 37	2	1	Ti	3372.36	4	-	. 2	}
3372.95	2	10	Ti	3372 .95	30	10	10	Identified in sun as Ti, Pd.
	1	0	Ti	3374 · 49	4		2	Identified in sun as Ti, Co.
3374.46	l	1	Cr	3378 51	8		2	Identified in sun as Cr. Co?
3378 51	2				9	3	3	rachtmed in sun as Cr. Cor
3379 • 98	2	1	Cr	3379 96				
3380 •49	2	2	Ti	3380 •40	15	7	3	
3381 · 59	1	0	-		_		-	
3382 .85	2	2	Cr	3382 ·83	9		4	Identified in sun as Cr, Mn.
3383 • 91	2	8	Ti	3383 .89	50	10	3	
3387 • 99	2	5	Ti	3387 99	15	5	-	•
3391 .56	1	0	Cr	3391 .58	8	-	. 2	
3392 · 12	2	1	Zr	3392 · 11	15	10	2	
3392 .75	1	0	Fe	3392 • 76	3	8	2	Identification doubtful.
3393 • 18	2	1	Cr	3393 ·16	. 8	-	1	
3393 •95	1	1	Cr	3393 .98	8		2	
3394 .68	2	5	Ti	3394 69	30	5	3	
3399 • 11	1	0		-	-	_	_	3399 · 3 (EVERSHED).
3402.53	2	2	Ti	3402.55	8	-	3	
3403 • 48	2	3	Cr	3403 · 40	10		2	
3404 . 95	1	1	Zr	3404 .97	6	5	0	
3406 .72	1	0	_	3406.70	-	_	0	
3407 • 46	1	1		3407 • 45	_	_	2	**
3408 · 92	2	4	Cr	3408 . 91	10	3	3	
3409 • 96	1	0	Ti	3409 • 95	4	-	2	
3410 · 39	1	2	Zr	3410 .39	8	1	1	
3411 52	1	0	_		_	-		
3412.63	١.	0	Co	3412 .63	J 10	-	. 5	9
9412.03	1	"	Co	0112 00	10	-	4	
3413 · 19	1	0	_	-	-	-	-	3413 · 0 (?) (EVERSHED).
3415 · 37	1	0	l -	_	-	-		3415 01 (EVERSHED).
3416 .07	1	Ö		_	-	_		
3417 • 94	1	0	_	3417 .95	-	-	2	Very faint and somewhat doubtful.
3418 .88	1	0	_	_	-	_	_	
3419 .57	1	0	_		-	_	_]
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	pectrum of			Probable	e identifica	tion.		
chro	mospher	e.		Wave-		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark,	Arc.	Sun.	
3420 · 31	1	1				d amen	-	
3421 · 37	2	4	Cr	3421 •35	10	3	4	
3422 · 86	2	4	Cr	3422 ·89	10	4	4	
3424 .87	2	0			_			
3425 . 72	1	0		3425 .72			1s	
3428 47	1	0	_					
3429 · 85	1	0	_	_			_	4,
3430 .71	1	1	Zr	3430 .67	10	3	1	
3431 .63	1	1	Co	3431 .72	10		4	
3432 · 41	1	1	Co	3432 · 45	4	_	0	? Identification.
3433 • 42	2	5	Cr	3433 · 45	10	3	3	
3437 • 15	2	1	_		_	-		
3438 .38	2	2	Zr	3438 38	15	5	2	
3439 · 20	1	2	_	_			_	
3440 .04	1	0			_		_	
3440 .72	2	1	Fe	3440 76	7	10	20	
3441 .50	1	1	Fe	3441 • 15	6	10	15	
3442 · 14	2	4	Mn	3442 · 12	40	7	6	
3443 48	2	1	_	3443 52	_	_	1	
3444 .46	2	2	Ti	3444 47	15	5	4	
3452.61	1	1	Ti	3452.61	9	-	1	
3456 14	1	1	- .	_	- .	_	_	
3458 • 99	1	1		_	_	-	-	
3460 · 46	4	3	Mn	3460 • 46	40	5	4	
3461 .68	3	2	Ti	3461 .63	15	5	. 5	
3462 · 42	1	1		-	_	_	_	
3463 .06	2	1	{ C₀	3462.95	20		6	1
0.445.00	١,	١,	Zr	3463 · 15	12	3	0	,
3465 .83	1	1	Co	3465 '90	20	7	4	
3474 · 30	5	2	Mn {	3474 · 20 3474 · 29	30	0	$\left\{egin{array}{c} 2 \\ 2 \end{array}\right.$	}
3475 . 75	4	0	Fe	3475 · 59	10	8	10	
3477 · 32	4	2	Ti	3477 · 32	15	5	5	
3479 02	1	0	_	-	_	_	_	
3479 · 48	2	1	Zr	3479 • 53	10	0	2	
3481.31	3	2	Zr	3481 .30	10	5	2	Identified in sun as Pd, Ti-Zr.
3482 • 99	3	2	Mn	3483 .05	30	4	5	
3488 · 01	2	1	-	_	_	_		
3488 ·84	5	2	Mn	3488 .82	30	4	4	
. 3489 88	2	1	Ti	3489 •89	4	3	2	Identified in sun as Ti, Pd.
3491 • 18	5	2	Ti	3491 .20	10	5	5	
3491 .99	1	0	_	-	-	-	-	
3492 · 79	1	0	-	-	-	-		
3494 .71	5	1		_	-		-	3494 ·60 (EVERSHED).
3496 •33	5	2	Zr	3496 · 35	20	7	2	1

	pectrum of			Probabl	le identific	ation.		
ehre	omospher	e.		Wave-		Intensity	•	
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3497 · 67	4	2	Mn	3497 •67	20	. 3	3	
3499 • 17	2	1	_		_	_	_	3499 ·14 (EVERSHED).
3500 •45	1	1	Ti	3500 • 47	5	3	3	
3501.70	1	1			_		_	
3505 • 02	4	2	Ti	3505.06	50	6	2	•
3505 .77	3	1	Zr	3505 .81	8	4	1	Identified in sun as Zr V.
3507 .50	2	1		_	_	_		
3509 •23	1	0					_	
3510 • 50	2	1	Ni	3510 .47	10	8	8	
3511 •00	5	3	Ti	3510 .99	50	5	5	
3511 •68	2	0					_	
3512.18	1	0					_	
3512.65	1	0	-				_	
3514.33	1	1						
3517 21	1	1	La	(3517 ·26)	50	0		
3517 • 51	3	1	v	3517 45	10	1	3	
3519 •94	1	. 0	Ni	3519 90	15	3	7	
	1	0	v	3520 17	7	0	2	
3520 •21	2	1	Ti	3520 17				
3520 •44			Ni		20	4	2	
3524 •77	2	1		3524.68	15	30	20	
3526 •04	1	1	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Fe} \\ \mathbf{Fe} \end{array}\right.$	3525 · 98 3526 · 18	4	4	6	
3526 • 75	1	0	_				_	3526·59 (EVERSHED).
3527 •64	1.	0						,
3528 .68	1	0					_	
3530 •14	1	1	*****				_	
3530 •90	4	2	v	3530 •92	10 .	0	3	
3531 .85	4	1		3531 .85	_	_	1	3531 ·83 (EVERSHED).
3532 •77	1	0	-	_			1 _	Soot to (HAMMIND).
3533 · 81	1	0						
3535 01	1	1			_			
3535 •58	3	2	Ti	3535 • 55	20	4	4	
3535 •95	3	1	Sc	3535 35	15	-	3	
3536 •68	2	1	Fe	3536 • 71	6	4	7	
	1	0	10	9990 11	U	*	•	
3537 .05	-	[_	
3542 • 58	1	0			_		_	
3543 • 50	1	0		2544.07			-	
3544 · 31	3	1	v	3544 .37	10		1	
3545 • 27	3	1	v	3545 · 34	10	1	4	
3546 09	1	0		-			_	·
3546 •92	1	0	-			_	_	07.40.W0 (Ferrance)
3547 • 79	1	1	~	0540.55			_	3548 '08 (Evershed).
3549 •17	4	2	Y	3549 15	20	7	2	
3549 •60	2	1	Gd	(3549 •53)	10	_		? Identification.
3550 •41	1	1	-		-		_	

-	pectrum of	0		Probabl	e identific	ation.		-
enro	mospher		Momont	Wave-		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3551 •22	1	0	_	-		_		
3552 • 11	3	2	\mathbf{Z} r	3552 · 10	10	3	1	
3553 •20	3	2	_	_	_		_	3553 · 5 (Evershed).
3553 84	1	1		_	_	_		
3554 •39	1	0	_		_	_		
3555 •28	1	1	_					3555 · 02 (EVERSHED).
3556 •81	3	3	$\mathbf{Z}_{\mathbf{r}}$	3556 • 74	15	5	2	
3558 • 54	1	0	Fe	3558 •67	4	9	8	
3563 •25	1	0			_			
3565 • 56	3	1	Fe	3565 • 54	8	10	12	
5000 00		_	(Ti	3566 11	5	3	1	b
3566 •21	3	1	$\begin{cases} \mathbf{v} \end{cases}$	3566 :31	6	0	2N	}
3566 • 48	1	0	Ni	3566 • 52	20	9	10	
3567 .86	4	1	Se	3567 .84	20		4	
3568:34	2	1	50		20		- 4	
	1	0	Co	95.60 -59	- 00	10	5	
3569 44				3569 52	20	10		
3570 · 30	4	1	Fe	3570 •27	10	\{\ 8\}	20	
3571 .01	1	0			-	-		
3571 .69	1	0	. —	_	_	-		
3572 10	1	0	Ni	3572 .01	10	7	6	}
			(Fe	3572 16	2	2	5	
3572 68	9	2	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Zr} \\ \mathbf{z} \end{array}\right\}$	3572 62	12	10	4	Probably Sc.
	_		l Sc	3572.71	50	-	6	,
3573 •19	1	0	******		_	_	-	
3573 .52	1	1			_			
3573 .83	3	1	Ti	3573 · 79	7	4	2	
3574.88	1	0	-					
3575 33	2	0		_		_		•
3575 •64	1	0	_		_	-	-	
3575 •95	1	0			-	_	-	
3576 •48	9	4	Se	3576 • 53	30	20	7	
3577 '00	5	2	Zr	3577 .00	10	0	1	
3577 •67	2	0	_			_		
3578 •23	.2	0	_	—		-	-	
3578 · 89	4	1	\mathbf{Cr}	3578.83	10	30	10	
3579 •35	1	0		Ministra .				
3581 •08	1	1	Se	3581 .07	20	-	5	
3581 •29	7	1	Fe	3581 •35	10	10	20	
3582.01	1	0			_			
3583 •81	1	0			-	-	_	
3584 67	2	1	Y	3584.66	10	6	,2	
3584 .91	1	0		-	-			
3587 ·13	2	0	Fe	3587 · 13	5	8	8	
3587 •71	1	1						3587 61 (EVERSHED).

1	pectrum of			Probabl	e identifica	ation.		·
chro	mospher	e.		Wave-		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3588 ·33	2	1			_	_		
3588 •97	2	1					_	
0500.00			∫ Sc	3589 .77	10	-	5	
3589 '83	6	3	(v	3589 • 91	9	1	5d ?]
3590 .64	7	3	Sc	3590.63	10	_	4	
3591.51	1	- 0	_			-		3591 · 72 (EVERSHED).
3592 16	7	3	v	3592 · 17	9	1	2	
3592 .78	2	1	_	_	-	_	_	
3593 .60	6	2	Cr	3593 64	10	30	9	
3595 • 10	3	1	Co	3595 .02	10	7	3	
3596 •20	7	2	Ti	3596 .20	10	3	4	
3597 .91	2	1	Ņi	3597 .86	10	7	8	
3600.89	9	3	Y	3600.88	50	10	3	
3602 05	8	3	Y	3602 .06	20	6	1	
3602 .94	1	1	_	-		-	. —	
3603 .32	1	1		-	_	-	-	3603·38. Wide line (EVERSHED).
3603.69	1	1	_	-	-	-	-	
3603.90	4	2	Cr	3603 • 92	9	0	3	
3605 • 48	4	1	Cr	3605 · 48	10	20	7	
3606 .73	3	1	-	-	-	_	-	3606 ·83 (Evershed).
3607.55	2	0	Zr	(3607 .60)	6	0	_	Identification doubtful.
3609 .01	4	1	Fe	3609.01	20	8	9	
3609 . 79	3	2	_	-	_	-	-	
3611 15	7	3	Y	3611 · 19	30	7	2	
3611 .94	4	1	{ Co −	3611 .86	7	5	2	}
			Zr	3612:04	10	. 1	. 00	J
3612.65	3	0	_	_	-	-	_	
3613 · 27	6	. 2	Cr	(3613 · 35)	6	0	_	N
3613.98	10	4	Sc	3613 • 95	100	4	4	
3614 .88	7	3	Zr	3614 .92	10	5	2	
3615 .68	1	1	_		-		-	
3616.83	1	0	_	_	-	_	-	
3617 · 44	1	0	— To	9010:00				
3618 · 88 3619 · 54	6	2 2	Fe Ni	3618 .92	10	8	20	
3620.56	1	0	Ni	3619.54	15	20	8	
3621 38	2	2	Co	3621 · 34	10	0	2	
3622 23	2	0	Fe	3622 15	3	6	6	
3623 37	2	0	Fe	3622 13	2	6	5	
3624 .03	2	1	Zr	3624 06	8	4	1	
3624 .97	9	4	Ti	3624 98	15	5	5	
3625 .78	2	0.	-	_	_	_	_	
3626 •29	1	0	_	_	_	_	_	
3627 .00	1	0	_		_		_	
3627 .91	1	0	_	_			_	3627 · 9 (EVERSHED).
1			1	1	J	1		

Sun.							pectrum of	
Sun.		Intensity.		Wayo		Β.	mospher	chro
	Sun.	Arc.	Spark.	Wave- length.	Element.	Intensity.	No. of photos.	Wave- length.
2	2	7	10	3628 · 85	Y	2	5	3628.89
_	*****					0	2	3629:60
1	1	1	5	3630 • 16	Zr	1	3	3630 13
4	4	3	100	3630 .88	Sc	4	8	3630.88
15	15	6n	10	3631 .61	Fe	2	9	3631 *64
Possibly enh. Cr.			_		-	0	1	3631 . 90
2	2	4	30	3633 • 28	Y	2	9	3633 • 26
		~~	6	(3633.70)	Zr	1	2	3633.62
_			2	(3634 · 39)	Не	1	4	3634 • 41
4 Identified in sun as Ti, Fe.	4	9	8	3635 •61	Ti	1	3	3635 •55
1	1	1	4	3636 • 62	Zr	0	2	3636 •69
_	_	-	_		_	0	1	3637 •42
1	1	10	20	3639 •66	Pb	1	2	3639 •66
6	6	6 _ }	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 2 \end{array}\right.$	3640 • 54	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Fe} \\ \mathbf{Cr} \end{array}\right\}$	1 .	3	3640 • 50
4	4	4	20	3641 · 47	Ti	4	11	3641.45
1		_	4n	3641 .97	Cr	0	1	3641 •96
2		3	50	3642 •91	Sc	4	11	3642 •92
	_			_		1	2	3643 27
3	3	_	_	3643 -95	-	1	4	3643 •90
	_	_		_	_	0	1	3644 .51
As one line, 3644 74, intensity, 1 on another photo.	_	_		_	_	. 0	1	3644 .80
3		1	15	3645 • 47	Sc	3	9	3645 •48
1		5	4	3646 .34	(Ti			
	-	_	12	(3646 · 36)	{ Ga	0	2	3646 •32
_ -	_	_	-	_	_	0	1	3647 •29
12	12	8	9	3647 .99	Fe	2	6	3647 •92
5 Probably Fe.	5	$\left.\begin{array}{c}4\\5\end{array}\right\}$	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}4\\1\end{array}\right.$	3649 • 65	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Fe} \\ \mathbf{La} \end{array}\right\}$	1	3	3649.66
_	_	0	5	(3650 • 50)	Cr	1	2	3650 •50
7	7	6	4	3651 -62	Fe	1	1	3651 •64
4	4	1	20	3651 •94	Sc	3	7	3651 .89
		_	_	-	_	0	1	3654 .07
_	_	_	_	-	_	0	1	3654 • 78
		_	_	_		0	1	3655 •14
·			_	_	_	1	3	3655 •93
			-			1	1	3656 •39
_				_	_	0	2	3658 • 17
	_	_	_	_	_	0	2	3658 .87
5 Identified in sun as Fe, Ti.	5	4	15	3659 .90	Ti	3	7	3659 • 88
2	2	6	4	3660 -77	Ti	0	1	3660 • 73
	_			(3661 ·35)	H _{e'}	1	3	3661 •39
5	5	5	15	3662 .38	Ti	3	8	3662:35
4 Identified in sun as Fe, Cr.	1		_	3662 - 98	-	1	2	3663 •05
	_	-	_	(3663 • 54)	Н _{у′}	2	6	3663 •58

s	pectrum of			Probabl	e identifica	ition.		
chro	mospher	e.		Waya		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	Wave- length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3664 · 78	8	3	Y	3664 · 76	20	8	2	
3665 · 33	1	0		_	_		_	
3666 •21	7	2	H _{a'}	(3666 •24)		_		
3667 .25	2	1	_ a	_				
3667 •89	8	2	Нω	(3667 .82)		_		
3668 • 61	1	0	Zr	3668 .60	4	0	00	
3669 • 58	9	2	$_{ extbf{H}_{\psi}}$	(3669 •60)	_			
3670 62	1	1.	Ni	3670 .57	7	5	5	
3671 '46	9	3	Zr	3671 41	8	2	0	Coincides with H _X (3671 48).
3671 •73	2	0		_		_		^
3672.43	3	0	_	_		_		
3672 · 81	1	0		_	<u> </u>	_		
3673.90	8	2	\mathbf{H}_{ϕ}	(3673 .90)		_	-	
3674 .85	8	2	Zr	3674 .87	10	3	1	
3675 .85	1	0	_	l - ·	-		_	
3676 • 54	11	3	Η _υ	(3676 • 50)	_	_		
3677 •64	2	ı	_	3677 •65		_	3	
3677 •92	11	3	Cr	\[\begin{cases} 3677.83 \\ 3677.95 \end{cases} \]	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 8 \end{array}\right]$	1.5	3	}
3679 .50	11	3	$_{ au}$	(3679 • 49)			_	[
3680 •01	4	1	Fe	3680 .07	5	4	9	
3681 .01	4	1		3681.08	_	_	3	
3681 .50	1	0		_	_			
3682 • 37	2	1	Fe	3682 •38	6	4	8	
3682 • 92	12	4	H_{σ}	(3682 .95)		_	_	
3683 • 70	3	0	- σ 	_	_			
			(Fe	3684 • 26	4	4	7d ?	
3684 • 34	6	2	Cr	(3684 · 39)	5	0	_	}
3685 .35	15	15	Ti	3685 34	50	8	10d	
3686 • 18	3	1	Fe	3686 14	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 2 \end{array}\right\}$	6	6	
3687 .00	11	7	Η _ρ	(3686 · 97)		_		
3687 • 67	2	0	Fe {	3687 · 61	6	6	6	1
			1 1	3687 .80	4	. 6	4	ſ
3691 .70	12	8	$_{\pi}$	(3691.70)	_	-		
3692 • 42	3	1	_	_	— ´	-	*****	
3692 · 78	3	1	-	_	-			
3693 .60	2	1	Co	3693 · 62	7	5	1	
3694 .29	8	4	Yb	3694 · 34	200	10	3	
3695 .09	4	2	_	_	_		******	
3695 .98	1	1	-	_	-	-		
3696 ·61 3697 ·29	1 12	1.		(9#0# -90)		-	_	
3698 28	9	8	H _o	(3697 •29)	10	_	_	
3699 15	1	1	Zr —	3698 30	10	0	2	
	1	1	-				-	

	pectrum of			Probabl	e identific	ation.		
ehro	mospher	e.	777	Wave-		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3699.86	2	1	_	3699 • 96		_	1	
3700 ·41	.2	1	v	3700 · 48	6	0	1	
3701 · 15	2	1	Fe	3701 .23	4	6	8	
3702.38	3	1			_	_		
3703 · 13	2	1	_			_		
3704 00	12	10	$_{ m H_{\it E}}$	(3704.00)				
3704.75	1	0	_	_	_			
3705 .09	3	1	He	(3705 · 15)	3	_		
3705 .69	3	2	Fe	3705 • 71	6	4	9	
			(Ca	3706 · 18	10	2	6d ?	Separate photos was go from 9700 NO. 4- 9700 NO. C.
3706 •25	11	6	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Ti} \end{array} \right.$	3706.36	9	5	3	Separate photos. range from 3706*18 to 3706*31. Compound line, but mainly Ca.
3707 -20	1	1	Fe	3707 · 19	2	. 4	5	
			ſ Fe	3707 .96	2) (5d ?	
3707 .98	3	2	{ _	3708 .07	5	6	5	}
3709 · 38	5	2	Fe	3709 · 39	6	6	8	
3710 · 43	10	6	Y	3710 · 43	100	7	3	
3710 .97	1	0	_	-	100		_	
3711 40	4	2	Fe	3711 ·36	1	2	4	? Identification.
3712.13	13	10	H_{ν}	(3712·12)		_		
3713.05	6	3	Cr	3713.09	9	2	3	
3713.72	2	1	La	3713.71	6	0	_	
3714 .43	2	0		-	_			
3714 92	4	2	Zr	3714 .93	6	0	0	
3715 .60	8	3	v	3715 62	10	0	4	
3716 . 55	2	1	Fe	3716 .59	3	6	7	
3717 33	2	0	re					
3718 · 44	2	1	v	(3718 · 35)	5	0	-	3718 55, Fe, 4, in solar spectrum.
3718 95	2	1	V	(3/16 30)	,			5710 55, Fe, 4, III solar spectrum.
3720 .08	11	6	Fe	3720 .08	8	10	40	
3721 .06	1	0	re	3120 00	°	10	40	
3721.70	1	2	Ti	3721 · 78	8	4	4d ?	
3722.05	13	12		(3722.08)		"	*(1.7	
3722.74	3	4	H _µ	3722.73	-	6	6	Identified in sun as Ti, Fe.
3723.64	1	1	Fe	0122 10	6	0		recentined in sun as TI, Fe.
3723.64	1	0	_	_	_	-	_	
3724.36	3	1	-	_	_	-		
	1	0				-		
3725 ·62	2	1	v	2727 •40	-	0	1	
3727 • 46	1	1		3727 •49	8	1	1	
3727·78 3728·49	2	1	Fe V	3727 .78	7	6	4	
3728·49 3728·96	1	0		(3728 • 51)	5	. 0		
3729 .85	2	1		3720 :05	-	7	3	
	1	1	Ti	3729 ·95	8	7		
3730 •71	1	2	7,,		10	_	_	Identified in our or Co. To
3731 ·37	3		Zr	3731 •40	10	0	0	Identified in sun as Co, Zr.
3732 •61	1	1	Fe	3732 · 55	4	6	6	Identified in sun as Co, Fe.

Probable identification. Spectrum of chromosphere. Intensity. Wave-length. Element. No. of photos. Wave Spark. Sun. Arc. length. sity. 5 2 v 3732 .89 3732.86 14 4 4 \mathbf{Fe} 3733 52 4 3733 .47 6 4 7d3734 .52 13 12 H_{λ} (3734.51)3734 .91 1 5 Fе 3735.01 10 8 40 Only separated from H_{λ} on one photo. 3735 .83 2 1 Nd (3735.76)5 3736:11 3 1 \mathbf{v} (3736.16)5 0 Identified in sun as Ca, Mn. Ca 3737 •06 151 3 5 3737 14 12 10 Fe 8 8 30 3737 28 3738 .37 2 3 Fe 3738 • 45 3 6 3 3739 43 2 1 3740 .19 2 0 3740 55 1 0 3741 '35 1 0 Ti3741 .79 30 4 4 3741 .78 12 Fe 3743:51 7 6 3743.55 6 6 0 3744 • 57 3 7 8 3745.728 \mathbf{Fe} Double on one photo. 3745.87 9 10 3746 .06 7 6 6 3746 .99 1 Y 8 1 $3747 \cdot 72$ 2 1 3747 .69 7 Fe 3748 •41 6 10 3748 .38 10 7 3749:32 3 1 8 3749.63 4 Fe 3749 63 10 20 5 3750 .32 13 10 Π_{κ} $(3750 \cdot 30)$ 3751 11 2 1 3751 . 79 2 \mathbf{Z}_{Γ} 3751 .80 10 0 00 4 3752.75 4 1 Identified in sun as Fe, Ti. 2 0 Fe 3753 .73 3 3753 . 79 4 6d ? 3754.71 2 \mathbf{Cr} 3754 .72 5 0 1 3755 .69 2 1 0 3756 .72 1 Ti3757 .84 11 5 3757 .82 10 5 4 Fe 6 4 3758 :38 8 15 3758 44 8 3759 •44 13 12 Ti 3759 45 50 12d ? 3760:20 3 5 4 3760 .44 3 3 \mathbf{Fe} Double on one photo. 3760 .68 2 4 4 3761 .47 13 12 Ti3761 '46 50 7 7 3762 .95 1 1 3763 92 4 7 \mathbf{Fe} 3763 .95 7 8 10 0 3764 .29 1 3764 .81 0 1 3 Fe 3765 65 1 3765 69 5 8 6 3766 .64 3 1 3766 .94 1 1 $\mathbf{Z}\mathbf{r}$ 3766 .96 10 0 1

6

Fe

3767:34

7

3767:30

8

8

_	ectrum of			Probabl	e identifica	tion.		
chro	mospher	е.		Wave-		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3768 • 46	6	3	Gd	3768 • 54	20	20	0	
3769.66	4	3	Ni	3769 .60	10	2	3	
3770 . 79	13	15	\mathbf{H}_{t}	(3770 .77)		-		
3771 .06	1	0	v	3771 · 12	10	0	2	
3771 .83	1	1	Ti	3771.80	7	5	2	Identified in sun as Ti, C.
3773 • 58	1	0				pro-0.000		
3774 • 45	10	8	Y	3774 .47	100	5	3	
3775 .69	1	1	Ni	3775 • 72	5	4	7	
3776 -22	4	1	Ti	3776 :20	8	2	2	
3776 . 72	1	0	Y	3776 .70	8		1	Identified as Mn in sun.
3777 • 91	3	1		arcoma.	-			
0000.50	1	0	m. [3778 .46	1	4	3	
3778 • 56	1	U	Fe {	3778.65		works	2	}
3779 -61	2	0	$_{ m Fe}$ $\left\{ ight.$	3779 •57	1	6	4	
3119 01	2	0	re j	3779 •66			2	
3780 . 75	1	1		3780 .84		Barretti B	3	
3781 63	1	0	Mode					
3782 • 45	2	1	$\mathbf{G}\mathbf{d}$	(3782 • 49)	12			
3783 42	5	1	Manage	3783 • 48			2	
3783 60	1	2	Ni	3783.67	5	6	6	
3783 .96	2	1		Manage .				·
3784.57	1	0				_	-	
3785 42	3	1	· —	-		_		
3785 .98	1	0	Fe	3786 :09	3	4	3	
3786 · 29	1	0	Fe	3786 :31	2	4	4(1)?	
3786 .88	1	0	Fe	3786 •82	2	4	5	
3787 '34	1	1	V	(3787 :39)	8	0	Authoriza	·
3787 -96	2	3	Fe	3788 05	5	6	9	
3788 86	9	5	Y	3788 .84	30	5	2	
3790 19	1	3	Fe	3790 24	3	6	5	
3790 •97	1	2	La	3790 •97	50	6	1	Identified in sun as La-Ca.
3792 • 58	2	2	*******	_		_		
3793 •82	3	1	_ `		_			
3795 •13	1	3	Fe	3795 •15	8	6	8	
3796 •44	1	1	_					
3797 .00	1	1	-C	3797 03	Parents.		2	
3798 •06	13	19	$^{ m H}_{ heta}$	(3798 •04)				
3799 • 71	2	4	Fe	3799 •69	7	6	7	
3800 15	5	2					_	
3801 •62	1 7	0	- Co	2001 :60	_		_	Time to our Handle 3 C
3801 ·62 3803 ·13	7	2	Ce	3801 •68	8	_	0	Line in sun identified —C.
3803 • 13	5 2	2 1	С	3803 • 14			2	Different photos. discordant 3802 98, 3803 21, 3803 17, 3803 09, 3803 2 d, and 3803 32.
3806.35	2	1	Milana	-				
3807 38	1	1	 Ni	3807 •29	7		6	·
9001 90] .	1	741	9001.79	1	5	в	

	pectrum of omospher	, e.	1 process and approximately process and the state of	Probable	e identifica	tion.		
	T	**************************************	Element.	Wave-		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.		length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3809 •63	3	1	Mn	3809 • 72	6	5	4	
3810 • 79	4	1	_		_			
3811 •45	2	1						
3812 · 17	3	1	_			_		·
3813 · 17	2	4	Fe	3313 10	8	5	5	
3813 · 57	2	2	Ti	3813 · 54	4	1	2	
3814 .67	7	6	Ti	3814 . 70	5	4	8	Identified in sun as Fe, C. Lockyer identifies line
3816 .00	7	6	Fe	3815 .99	9	8	15	chromosphere as Ti.
3817 ·69	2	0	_				***************************************	
3818 • 49	2	0	Y	3818 • 49	10		1	
3819 • 39	2	0					energy.	
3819.73	3	1	He	(3819.75)	4		-	
3820 •59	7	7	Fe	3820 - 59	9	8	25	Identified in sun as Fe, C.
3821 •27	1	0	Fe	3821 .33	4	4	4	·
3821 .88	2	1						
3823 • 47	1	0				_		
3824 .02	1	0				_		
3824 · 58	5	7	Fe	3824 •59	7	8	6	
3825 · 45	2	0		_		l _	******	
3826 .02	6	8	Fe	3826 .03	9	8	20	
3826 • 97	1	0	-c	3826 .99			2	
3828 00	5	7	Fe	3827 .98	9	8	8	
3829 •13	1	0		_				
3829 • 51	10	10	Mg	3829 .50	200	30	10	
3830.60	2	2		- 0027 00	200	50		
3831 · 12	2	2	C	3831 · 17			3d	Also single line at 3830 87 on five other photos.
3832 15	1	1		000111				
3832 .46	11	16	Mg	3832 45	200	50	15	
3833 •20	3	1	mg.	9092 49	200	50	. 10	
3833 · 79	1	0			provide .		America .	
3834 ·33	7	3	Fe	3834:36	8	8	10	
3835 •53	13	20		(3835 53)		0		
5500 00	10		H_{η}	3835 •64	_		1	
3836 •62	1	5	C {	3836 .69			1	A single line 3836 82 on five photos.
3836 •92	1	4	Zr	3836 91	12	0	1	a single file 9000 02 on five photos.
3837.50	1	1		3000 91	12			
3838 •43	13	10	Mg	3838 • 44	500	100	25	Identified in sun as Mg-C.
3839 •33	2	10	Fe	3839 40	4	6	25 3	Adominion in sun as ing-o.
3839 •99	1	0			4			
3840 •54	4	3	Fe	3840 • 58	8	9	8	Identified in sun as Fe, C.
3841 .20	4	3	Fe }	3840.58	\{\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 8 \\ \end{array}	8 8 }	10	recomment in sum as Fe, U.
			Mn		1 6	8 5		
3842 • 05	4	1	_	_		_		
3843 • 24	4	2	Zr	3843 20	8	0	2	Identified in sun as Fe-C.
3844 · 39	2	1	C	3844 • 38		-	4d ?	

	pectrum of			Probable	e identifica	tion.		
ehro	omospher	е.		Wave-		Intensity	•	
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3845 .47	2	1		******	Name			
3846.88	2	1 ·	Fe	3846 • 94	3	6	5	
3847.56	1	0	_					
3848 • 22	3	0	Ti	3848 14	6	4	1	
3848.94	3	1	*****					
3850 12	. 2	2	Fe	3850 ·12	6	8	12	·
3850 •91	3	1	. Fe	3850 •96	3	6	4	
3851.69	2	0						
3852 •64	1	2			-			
3853.61	1	1		-				
3854.41	1	1						
		,	~ ſ	3854 • 71			2	1
3854 84	3	1	c {	3854 • 99			1	Fourth edge of C. band.
3855 .87	1	1				_		
3856.52	6	4	Fe	3856 • 52	8	8	8	
3857:10	1	0					_	
3858:35	4	1	Ni	3858 • 44	8	20	7	
3858 . 70	1	2			_			
3859:34	2	1		_		_		
3860 10	8	5	Fe	3860.06	9	10	20	
3861:03	1	2			_			
3861 .71	4	2	C	3861 .98		-	1N	Third edge of C. band.
3862.79	4	2	Si	(3862 ·80)	4			
3863 66	2	1	_		No. comme		_	
3864.64	1	0			_			
3865.72	3	1	Fe	3865 .67	6	8	7	
3867.60	1	1	He	(3867 ·61)	2			Broad.
3870 •93	1	1	_			_		Broad band? Several lines.
3871 •43	3	1	C	3871.53		_	2d ?	Second edge of C. band.
3872 '63	1	1	Fe	3872 .64	6	8	6	
3873 •21	2	1	Co	3873 - 22	15	10	2	
3873.85	2	0	Fe	3873 . 90	4	6	4	
3876.30	3	1	-	_		_	-	'
3877 •26	2	1				_		
3878 • 73	5	4	Fe	3878 • 72	8	8	7Nd?	
3880 •53	1	1	C	3880 .23		_	2	
3882.51	3.	2	C-	3882 • 44	_	_	2	
3883 •38	3	3	c {	3883·41 3883·53		_	2 1N	Broad. First edge of C, band.
3884 · 53	1	0	Fe	3884.52	2	_	1N 2	,
3885 . 50	2	0		3884 92	_	4	4	
3886 • 49	9	4	Fe	3886 •43	8	6	15	•
3887 • 18	1	2	Fe	3887 20	5d?	6	7	
3887 •95	2	0		5001 20	90.7		1 .	
3888 • 72	1	3	He	(3888 · 79)	10			
3889.15	13	20	H	(3889 20)	10			Separated on one photo.

_	pectrum of			Probable	e identifica	ition.		
ehro	mospher	e.		Wave-		Intensity	•	
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3890 • 30	1	1	*****	-			_	
3891.06	7	2					_	
3892 •08	3	1	Fe	3892 .07	1	0	4	
3892 • 29	1	0		_			_	
3893 •09	2	1		·			_	
3893 • 46	3	1	Fe	3893 45	3	4	2	? Identification.
3894 25	2	1	Co	3894 • 24	30	10	5	
3894 • 98	1	0	_				-	
3895 .81	5	3	Fe	3895 •80	5	6	7	
3896 • 36	2	1	Er	(3896 • 42)	6	15	,	
3898 • 11	1	0	Fe	3898 • 03	2	2	3	
3899 •84	4	3	Fe	3899 85	6	6	8	·
3900 •67	9	7	Ti	3900 • 68	50	6	5	Identified in sun as Ti, Fe.
3901 .74	1	0		3901 .74		_	1	
3902 • 18	1	0		3902 • 11		-	1	
3903 •04	2	1	Fe	3903 • 09	7	8	10	Identified in sun as Cr, Fe.
3905 •63	2	0	Si	3905 •66	5	15	12	
3906 • 03	2	0	Nd	3906 .04	4		3	
3906 •53	2	0		-	_	_		·
3907 •28	6	2	Eu	(3907:3)	30			
3908 •54	6	2		-				
3911 •29	2	0	Nd	3911 •32	7		0	
3912 •46	2	1		-		_	_	
3912 •71	1	0		-				
3913 •61	10	7	Ti	3913.61	30	6	5d ?	Identified in sun as Ti, Fe.
3914 •58	6	2	Zr	3914.57	4	0	1	
3915 •20	1	. 0		-			_	
3916 •21	5	2	La	3916 • 21	10	0	0	Identified in sun as Zr-La.
3918 •05	1	0	_	_	_	_	_	
3918 •48	3	1	Fe	3918 • 46	4	4	4	
3919 •24	1	1	Cr	3919 •31	8	3	3	
3919 • 97	1	0		_		_	-	
3920 •39	5	2	Fe	3920 · 41	5	6	10	
3921 •84	1	1	_			_		
3923 •09	5	2	Fe	3923 •05	6	8	12d ?	
3924 •16	1	0	_	_		-	_	
				(3925 • 79)			5	
3926 *00	2	0	Fe	3926 .09	2	4	4	
			.*	(3926 · 16)			(3)
3927 •28	1	1				_	_	
3928 •10	5	4	Fe	3928 • 08	7	. 8	8	No. Wes Let Go to a
3929 • 35	1	0	La	3929 36	15	0	2	Fe, Mn, La, Co, in sun.
3930 •46	5	4	Fe	3930 •45	6	8	8	
3931 •47	1	2		-			-	
	1					1	1	

s	pectrum of	,		Probabl	e identifica	ition.		
chro	of omospher	e.		Wayya		Intensity		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	Wave- length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
3932 • 14	3	3	Ti	3932 •16	6	0	1	
3933 '84	13	100	Ca	3933 •83	1000	100	1000	
3937 •34	1	1					_	
3938 • 42	7	2		3938 •44			2	Identification —, Cr in sun.
3939 .63	1	1.						
3940 62	1	0				_	_	
3941 •57	1	G.	$\left\{ egin{array}{c} \operatorname{Cr} \\ \operatorname{Nd} \end{array} ight\}$	3941 •64	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 8 \end{array}\right\}$		3	
3942 •63	2	0	Fe	3942 • 56	2	6	5	
3944 • 14	7	3	Al	3944 • 16	20	800	15	
3945 • 38	4	1		3945 •36		_	1	
3946 . 59	4	1	_		_			
3947 .98	2	. 0	Ti	3947 •93	10	5	2	
3949 22	6	2	La	3949 20		6	1	
	1		Lia		50	0	1	
3949 • 72	1	1			-	_	_	
3950 •45	5	2	Y	3950 • 50	20	5	2	
3951 .78	1	0	Y	3951 .77	3		0kd?	
3952 • 36	4	1	Nd	3952 •34	3		0	
3952 82	1	0	Fe	3952 - 80	2	6	$\left \left\{\begin{array}{c}4\\3\end{array}\right.\right $	
3956 •60	4	1	{ Ti	3956 •48	9	8	4	Identified in sun as Ce, Co Ti.
			(Fe	3956 •82	4	6	8	
3958 '29	8	2	$\left\{ egin{array}{c} { m Ti} \\ { m Zr} \end{array} ight\}$	3958 · 36	10 15	8	} 5	
3959 • 43	2	0	-		_			
3960.51	2	0	_		_	-		
3961.64	8	5	Al	3961 •67	20	1000	20	
3964.04	2	1	_	-	_	_		
3964 •66	1	1	Ti	3964 • 42	2	5	2	
3965 • 16	4	1	рНе	(3964 · 88)	4			
3967 15	2	1	_		_		_	
3968 :60	13	70	Ca	3968 •63	500	80	700	
3970 21	13	30		3970 18	500	80	100	
	1	2	H _e	1			0 3	
3972 • 02	5	1	Eu	3972 · 13	50	50		
3973 • 32	4	1		1		_		
3974 · 29	2	1		-	_		-	
3975 14	1	0		-				
3975 •64	2	1	_	_	_		-	
3977 :34	1	0	_	_	-	_		
3979 • 01	1	0	_	-	_	_	_	
3980 .01	1	0			_		-	
3981 .87	2	2	Ti	3981 •92	15	9	4	A very broad band extending from 3981 8 to 3982 7. O
(3982.59)	1	(3)	_	_	-	-	-	two photos, lines are separated. There is probably another line between Ti and Y.
3982 • 75	2	2	Y	3982 • 74	20	6	3)

Probable identification. $\begin{array}{c} {\bf Spectrum} \\ {\bf of} \\ {\bf chromosphere.} \end{array}$ Intensity. Wave Element. Wave-length. No. of photos. Intensity. length. Spark. \mathbf{Cr} 3984 06 7 5 3 3 Probably Fe. 3984 •13 1 Fe 3984 11 3 6 4 3988 • 67 8 2 La 3988 '66 30 5 0 Ti 3989 •91 20 8 4 Not entirely due to Ti. The line 3990 13 identified as Mn-Cr in the sun. 3990 • 11 2 3990 13 1 $3990 \cdot 42$ 9 \mathbf{Cr} 4 3991 42 5 2 3991:33 3 $\mathbf{Z}\mathbf{r}$ 15 8 2 Co 3991 •85 2 3991 .87 2 2 3 $\dot{\mathbf{Cr}}$ 3992.50 2 5 3 \mathbf{Cr} 3993.03 2 0 $3992 \cdot 97$ 3d ? v 12 6 3994 • 14 1 0 2 5 2 3 Nd 3994 *83 3994 .87 3995 .90 6 2 La 3995 .90 5 5 1Nd3996 48 1 1 3997 .09 3 1 3997 •95 2 1 Co 3998 05 10 9 4d? 0 Identified in sun as Zr, Fe. \mathbf{Zr} 3999 12 1 15 3999 •28 9 6 v 3999:37 6 0 0 4000 51 5 1 1 1 Fe 4002 .65 1 1 0đ Identified in sun as Fe, Ti. 4002.75 4003.62 1 0 \mathbf{Cr} (4003 '48) 5 0 2 4004 13 1 4004 .84 2 0 4005 • 44 1 2 Fe 4005 41 8 8 7 2 v 4005 .86 20 0 3 4005.86 4006 .70 1 0 2 2 0 Fe 4007:43 4 5 4007:51 4008.16 1 4008 .92 3 1 6 1 0 Fe 4009.86 3 3 4009 .85 4010 .47 1 1 0 4011 '41 9 10 Ti2 4 4012.50 4012:54 1 4013.77 1 Sc8 5d ? 1 4014 68 4014 .77 4 Fe 2 2 3 3 1 4015 .76 4015 .71 4017 •72 2 2 1 4019 • 24 2 4 1 4020 • 50 5 Sc4020 .55 8 2 Ti 6 4 Identified in sun as Ti-Fe-V. 4021.926 4022 .02 4+ v Identified in sun as V Co. 4023.55 6 4023 •53 10

	pectrum of			Probabl	e identifica	tion.		
	mospher		171	Wave-		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
4024 13	1	1	Zr	4024 •15	3	ı	1	
4024 .76	3	1	Ti	4024 • 73	5	10	3	
4025:31	5	1	Ti	4025 •29	4	2	3	
4026 52	7	2	∫ He	(4026 • 34)	5		_	
4020 54	'		Ti	4026 •69	4	5	1	f
4027 •67	1	1	_		_	-	_	
4028 •63	8	2	Ti	4028 50	10	3	4	
4029 • 95	4	1	∫ Fe	4029 .78	1	1	5	J.
			l Si	4030 · 1	2			<u> </u>
4030 .87	7	. 2	Mn	4030 •92	20	30	9	
4031 •92	9	3	La	4031 .87	20	7	2	
4032 • 73	1	1	Fe	4032.79	2	2	4	? Identification.
4033 23	4	1	Mn	4033 • 22	20	25	8	
4034 •01	3	1	_	_	_	_		
4034 •62	6	1	Mn	4034 .64	10	20	6	
4035 .87	6	1	∫ v	(4035 .77)	16	4	_]}
			(Mn	4035.88	8	5	4d ?	J
4037 -03	2	1	. –	_		-	-	
4040:36	1	0	_	-	_	_	_	
4041.05	8	3	Nd	4040 •94	7	-	1d ?	Identified in sun as Ce, Nd, Co.
4041 .94	2	0	_		_		_	·
4042 97	8	3	La	4043 • 05	20	8	0	
4045 97	7	3	Fe	4045 •98	10	10	30	
4048 '82	5	2	Zr	4048 *82	10	7	1	
4053.85	6	1	{ v	4053 *80	8	0 3	0 3	}
4055 18	3	1	Ti	4053 •98	Í	4	3	Identified in sun as Cr. Ti. Zr.
4056 •67	2	1	Ti 	4055 •19	6	4	,	Identified in suit as O1, 11, 21.
4058 02	2	1	Pb	4058 •04	300	1000	0	
4059 01	1	0		4000 04		_		
4061 •28	5	1	Nd	4061 .24	10	10	3	
4062.68	2	1	Fe	4062 60	3	8	5	
4063.75	2	2	Fe	4063 • 76	10	10	20	
4065 .48	2	0	_		_		_	
4067 -23	2	2	Ni	(4067 ·2)	4	0	_	
4068 88	1	0	_		_	_	_	
4069 33	3	1	_	_	_	_	_	
4071.8	3	2	Fe	4071 •91	10	10	15	Very diffused.
4073 .8	3	2	Fe	4073 • 92	2	4	4	Very diffused. ? Identification.
4075 • 42	3	1	_	_		_	_	
4076 .03	6	2	_	4076 - 10	-	_	3	
4077 .86	9	15	Sr	4077 .89	1000	10	8	
4078 .66	2	3	Ti	4078 •63	7	6	3	
4079 .84	1	2		_	_	-		
4080 -62	1	2	_	_	-	_		
4081 •46	1	2	Zr	4081 :39	10	5	0	Possibly Sc.

Probable identification. Spectrum of chromosphere. Intensity. Element. Wave No. of Inten length. length. photos. sity. Spark. Arc. Sun. 4082 62 2 1 Ti4082 :59 3 7 5 Solar line Sc-Ti-Fe. 4083 :52 5 2 4084 •60 1 1 4085 63 1 1 4086 .88 6 4086 • 86 20 4 La 10 1 4087 .82 3 4089 .01 3 Si $(4089 \cdot 1)$ 2 ? Identification. 2 4089 • 57 1 0 2 4090 .06 2 V 4090 . 78 3 2 4090 .73 8 5 1 v 15 3 3d? 4092 .87 2 4092 .82 4 Ca 1 4 4094 • 56 1 2 v 4095 • 58 1 0 4095.63 6 5 0 Si 4097 .05 1 0 $(4096 \cdot 9)$ 1 4099 •09 1 4100 .16 1 1 4101 • 92 7 30 H_{δ} Identified in sun as Si, Mn. 4103 • 15 1 2 Si 4103 •10 1 5 ? Identification. 3 4105:09 2 La 4105 10 1 1 10 4106 • 61 1 1 Identified in sun as Ce-Fe. 4107 .58 5 1 Fe 4107 .65 4 8 5 4109.61 6 Nd4109 .61 8 1 4 4110 .64 2 1 Co 4110 •69 10 8 4 4112 - 14 2 1 4113.07 1 0 4114 13 3 2 4115 • 43 2 1 4116 .66 1 1 4118 • 58 4 2 Fe 4118 .71 5 10 5 4119 • 37 1 4120 • 10 3 1 He $(4120 \cdot 97)$ 4121 - 27 2 1 Co Identified in sun as Cr-Co. 4121 .48 10 4 6d? 4122.70 Fe 4122 .67 2 3 3 1 6 La 4123:38 30 10 4123 .56 Double on one photo., 4123 45 and 4124 01. 6 3 Ti 0 4123 .70 5 5 4125 .05 6 2 Y 4125 .06 6 1 4126 .22 1 2 4127 .67 4 2 Ti 4127 •69 7 5 0 Si4128 • 21 5 4128 :31 Identified in sun as Ce-V. 4 V 10 4128 25 6d ? 7 4128 93 1 0 4129 .87 5 4 Eu 4129 .88 100 100 1 4130 .97 2

0

4131 •93

1	pectrum of			Probab	le identific	ation.		
ehro	mospher	·e.	-	Wave-		Intensity	·.	
Wave length.	No. of photos,	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
4132.59	3	1	{ Fe	4132·23 4132·69	6	8	10	}
4133 •08	1	0	Fe	4133 06	4	8	4	
4133 *83	4	1	Ce	4133 • 97	8	10	0	Measures discordant, 4133.73, 4133.75, 4134.01, 4133.84,
4134 •81	3	1	Fe	4134 •84	5	10	5	120
4135 • 58	7	2			_			
4137 • 54	7	3		4137 •57			2	
4138 •62	1	0					_	
4143 • 27	2	1 .	Nd	4143 30	8		-	
			р Не	4143 •92	2	_	_	
4143 • 91	1	1	$\left\{ ight{ m Fe}$	4144 .04	7	10	15	On four photos there are two bright lines conserved by
4143 •27	4	3	_			_	_	On four photos, there are two bright lines separated by an absorption line.
4144 •04	Absn.	line		*****			_	
4144 '88	4	2						
4146 · 36	4	2		Notice	_	_		
4149 • 33	6	3	Zr	4149 36	20	10	2	
4150 • 10	4	2	Ce	4150 •06	10		00	
4151 •07	5	2	$\left\{ egin{array}{c} { m Ti} \\ { m z_r} \end{array} ight\}$	4151 •13	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 6 \end{array}\right.$	5 4	} 1	
4152 • 14	5	2	La	4152 •11	10	8	2	Identified in sun as Fe, La. Possibly Ce.
4153 96	1	1	Fe	4154 07	2	4	4	
4154 • 71	4	1	$_{ m Fe}$ $\left\{ ight $	4154 ·67 4154 ·98	4	6 6	4	}
4155 .66	2	1	_]		_	_		
4156 • 33	7	5	$\left\{egin{array}{c} \mathbf{N}\mathrm{d} \ \mathbf{Z}\mathbf{r} \end{array} ight.$	4156 · 24 4156 · 39	10	_ 8	0	}
4157 -26	2	1				_	_	
4158.05	3	1	Fe	4157 •95	2	6	5	
			(Zr	4161 37	10	7	2	
4161 • 51	4	3	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} _{\mathrm{Ti}} \end{array} \right $	4161 68	2	2	4	 }
4162.73	1	1			_			
4163.80	5	4	Ti	4163 82	20	2	4	Identified in sun as Ti-Cr.
4164 • 43	2	1	_			_	_	
4165 .71	3	2	Ce	4165 . 76	10	4	1	
4166 •93	1	0				_		
4167 •42	3	3	_	4167 •44	-		8	Very broad. ? Double.
4168 -80	. 1	0	_		-		-	
4169.58	1	0			_		_	
4169 • 95	3	1				_		
4170.89	2	1	and the same of th		_	_		
4172.05	7	3	Ti	4172 •07	10	1	2	
4172 *81	1	0			_	·—	Process.	
4173 • 53	8	5	Fe	4173.53	2	1	1	
4174 • 48	2	1		-	_	_		
4175 • 62	3	1	Fe	4175 • 81	4	8	5	Wave-length of arc line 4175 71 (K. and R.).

		tion.	identifica	Probable			of of	_
		Intensity.		Wave-		е.	mospher	chro
	Sun.	Arc.	Spark.	length.	Element.	Intensity.	No. of photos.	Wave- length.
				**********	-	1	3	4176 • 56
	3	5	50	4177 .70	· Y	6	9	4177 :66
	3	1	2	4177 70	Fe	6	9	4179 .03
			2	4179 00	_	2	3	4179 .69
	2N			4180 • 97	c	0	2	4181 .01
	211	_		4100 91	Ü	1	1	4183 • 53
	_		_	_	_	1	1	
ed in sun as Ce-Zr.				4700-70				4184 .32
ed in sun as Ce-Zr.	2 N	_	10	4186 · 78	Ce	1	1	4186 .76
			-	_	_	0	2	4188 18
		_		- ,	-	0	1	4188 32
	_	_			-	1	1	4192.45
		_		-	_	1	3	4193 • 45
						0	1	4194 • 08
	-	_		_	-	0	1	4194 • 58
	-	· · · -		-	_	0	1	4195 •10
	5	6	3	4195 • 49	Fe	1	1	4195 •52
	2	0	10	4196 . 70	La	2	3	4196 .75
				-	-	1	1	4197 • 15
			_	_		1	. 2	4198 •15
		-				0	1	4198 • 73
ed in sun as Zr-Fe.	5	10	8	4199 • 27	Fe	1	3	4199 18
	-	_		_		1	1	4200 .73
	8	10	9	4202 • 20	\mathbf{Fe}	2	2	4202 • 10
					-	1	2	4203 •35
	1	50	100	4205 19	Eu	6	4	4205 • 21
	·	· · -			_	1	2	4206 • 57
	1	0	10	4209 14	Zr	2	3	4209 •15
	- .				_	1	1	4211 •46
	2	0	5	4212 05	Zr	1	3	4212 • 17
	5d ?	10	100	4215.70	Sr .	12	5	4215 .71
		_			_	0	1	4217 22
		_			_	0	3	4217 ·57
	1Nd	0	2	4218 • 56	Zr	0	1	4218 •61
	·	_		_	_	0	1	4220 43
	_	_				0	1	4220 .73
				_		1	1	4222 • 72
	- .			`		2	3	4223 '08
	_	1	4	(4225 *41)	v	2	3	4225 •49
	20d ?	75	100	4226 '90	Ca	6	4	4226 .85
Гі, 27·40 (L).	4	10	7	4227 '61	Fe	1	1	4227 · 42
	1	0	6	4231 .86	Zr	0	1	4231 .96
					_	1	3	4232.60
	4	1	4	4233 •33	Fe	7	5	4233 • 36
	2	ſ 10	_	4235 •30)	,			
	3	10	20	4235 30	Mn {	1	1	4235 •40

S	Spectrum			Probabl	le identifica	ation.	and the second s		
chro	mospher	e.		Wave-		Intensity.			
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.		
4236 •04	3	1	Fe	4236 · 11	8	10	8		
4236 •93	1	1							
4237 . 75	1	0		_			_		
4238 28	1	0	****	_	-	_			
4238 •51	1	1	La	4238 . 55	10	10	1Nt		
4238 •91	1	1	Fe	4238 • 97	4	8	. 5		
4240 · 13	1	0	-						
4242.53	2	1	\mathbf{Cr}	4242 • 54	- 8	1	2		
4243.59	3	1	•						
4244 •93	2	0	-	_	_				
4247 '00	5	10	Sc	4247 •00	100	10	5		
4248 • 92	2	1		_	-	_			
4250 • 19	2	1	Fe	4250 •29	7	10	8		
4250 .85	1	0	Fe	4250 .95	8	10	8		
4251 .82	1	1					_		
4254 • 51	5	3	\mathbf{Cr}	4254 • 51	50	50	8		
4256 31	2	1			_		_		
4259 24	3	2	$\mathbf{Z}\mathbf{r}$	4258 20	7	5	0		
4260 51	2	2	Fe	4260 .64	10	10	10		
4262 14	3	2	Cr	4262 • 14	4	0	1		
4271 .87	3	2	Fe	4271 .93	10	10	15		
4273 02	1	0		12.11 00		_	10		
4273 .55	2	2	· ·	_			-		
4274 .99	5	3	Cr	4274 •96	30	50	7		
4275.71	3	1		1211 00	-	90		·	
4280 39	1	0				_			
4282 .76	3	2	*****		_				
4284 • 13	1	0	-	_					
4285 •96	1	0							
4286 :48	1	0		_					
4287 • 29	1	0	La	4287 16	20	10	2	Identification doubtful	
4288 10	4	2	Ti	. 4288 04	2	1	2	reconnection doubtful	
4289 •06	1	1				_	_		
4289 .77	1	1	Cr	4289 89	30	15	5		
4296 • 21	5	5	Ti	4290 •37	9	5	2	On one photo. 4289 '77, intensity 1; 4290 '32, intersity On the others only one line.	nsity 5.
4200 21			- 11	(4291 ·11	4	3	3		
4291 • 19	2	1	Ti	4291 .28	4	3	2		
4292 • 14	2	1		(4291 28		Э			*
4293 14	2	1					_	? Double.	
4294 •22	5	2	Ti	4294 • 20	10	5	2	. Double.	
4295 20	2	1		1204 20	10	3			
*### 2U	"	•	(Ti	4295 •91	4	10	3	Identified in sun as Cr-Ti.	
4296 11	2	1	La	4296 • 24	10	8	0 N	Addition in suit as Or-11.	
			(Fe	4296 -74	10	_	3		
4296 .83	4	4	Zr	4296 •84	5	_	1	}	
			Zi	3200 O4		_	1		

Spectrum of chromosphere.			Probabl	e identific	ation.			
ehre	omospher	e.		Wave-		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
1000 00		_						
4298 .03	2	1	_		_	_	_	
4298 • 72 4299 • 07	1	1	_	_	_	-	_	As a single line 4298 86 on another photo.
4300 •22	5	5	Ti	4300 • 21	8	5	3	,
4300 22	1	0	Ti	4300 21	4	7	2	·
4301 17	1	1	Ti	4301 17	6	7	2	
4302 07	3	2	Ti	4302 09	6	2	2	
4302 •55	2	1		4002 05	_			
4302 •94	1	3		_				
1002 01	•			4303 • 34	2	1	2	
4303.51	4	3	Fe {	4303 54	2	1	1N	4303 63, 4303 52 br, 4303 43 ? d, 4303 44, are separate results.
4305 • 30	1	1		4000 00			-	
4909 ju	•	•	(Sr	4305 -61	30	6	3	Identified in sun as Fe, Cr, Sr, Ti.
4305 .83	2	3	Ti	4306 •08	15	15	4	radiofiled in suit as PC, C1, S1, 11.
			(Ca	4307 91	20	3	3	
4308 *02	4	4	$\left\{ egin{array}{c} \mathbf{Fe} \end{array} ight.$	4308 08	10	10	6	}
4309 *86	4	2	Y	4309 79	20	6	1	,
4312 54	1	1	_	4009 19		0		
4313 02	5	2	Ti	4313.03	8	2	3	
4314 •31	4	2	Sc	4314 '25	30	3	3	
	5	3	Ti		-	4	3	
4315·13 4317·29	2	1	11	4315 •14	7	4		
	2	1	_			_	_	
4319 •03		1	C 90	4320 .91	20	3	3	
4320 •98	5	4	Sc Ti	4321 12	20	1	2	}
4323*15	1	0	(11	4021 12	2	1	2	Diffused.
4323 • 72	1	1			_			Dinusett.
4325 25	2	1	Se	4325 • 15	20	3	4	
4325 •88	5	4	Fe	4325 13	10	10	8	
4329 •20	2	1	re	4020 94	10	10	_	
4029 20	•	•		4330 • 40	2		1	
4330.58	4	2	Ti {	4330 40	2	3 }	2	
4331 •47	i	1 ·		4000 01		_ (
4333 05	1	1	v	4332 •90	12	6	0	? Identification.
4333 98	3	3	La	4333 •93	15	15	1N	- RECORDING DECEM
4335 49	1	Ó		2000 90				
4336 •12	1	Ó					_	
4336 70	2	0			_	_		
4338 05	5	5	Ti	4338 08	10	6	4	
4340 '65	5	100	H _y	4340 64	_	_	20	
4342 .85	1	0	y			_		
4343.74	1	0				-		
		Ĭ	(Ti	4344 • 45	2	1	2	
4344 . 55	3	. 2	Cr	4344 .67	10	7	4	}
				2022 UI	10		-	

$\mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{j}}$	pectrum of mospher			Probable	identifica	tion.		
	1	<u> </u>	Element.	Wave-		Intensity.		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Incinoite.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
4346 • 40	2	0	_	4346 • 45			1	
4348 •06	3	1	Zr	4348 • 13	8	3	1	
4350 •00	2	0		_			-	
			ſ F e	4351 •9 3	4	2	-	
4352 •00	4	4	{ Cr	4351 •93	10	9	5	
			Mg	4352 .08	4	8	5	
4353.10	2	0	v	4353 •04	12	7	0	
4354 •61	3	1	_	·		-		
4356 • 28	2	1				-	-	
4358.39	2	1	_		-		-	
4358 .89	3	1	, Y	4358 *88	8	5	0	
10== ==			Cr Cr	4359 • 78	7	8	3	
4359 82	3	2	Zr	4359 •90	10	8	0	
4364.77	3	2	Ce	4364 •83	4		0	? Identification.
4366 • 71	1	2	_	_	_		-	
4367 .85	2	2	Ti	4367 '84	6	3	2	·
4369 •86	2	2	Fe	4369 • 94	3	8	4	
			(-	4371 •24		_	1	
4371 '32	3	2	Cr	4371 '44	7	10	2	
4372 . 59	2	1	_		_			
4373 .97	1	1	_					
4375 • 14	4	7	Y	4375 •10	100	8	2	
4379 • 94	1	2	Zr	4379 •93	12	7	0	
4383 • 72	3	5	Fe	4383 .72	10	10	15	
4385 • 63	3	4	Fe	4385 .55	1	0	2	
4387 .01	2	1	Ti	4387 .01	5	2	1	
4388 17	2	1	р Не	(4388 10)	5		1	
4390 28	1	1	_	(1000 10)	_			
4391 .03	3	2	_					
4391 .99	3	1			_	_	-	
4393 •34	1	0						
4394 .08	2	1			_			
4395 • 24	4	8	Tri	4305 • 20	15	-	3	
4398 20	3	2	Ti Y	4395 · 20 4398 · 18	15	8		
4399 90	3	2			15	5	1	Identified in many of The Co
4400 *67	3		Ti	4399 •94	10	2	3	Identified in sun as Ti-Cr.
		3	Se	4400 •56	20	3	3	
4401 .49	1	1	7	4402.52		-		
4403.49	2	2	Zr	4403 53	4	1	0	
4404.51	1	0	-			_	_	
4404 *89	2	1	Fe	4404 •93	10	10	10	
4406 .66	1	0	_	-	_	-	-	<u>-</u>
4408 97	2	3		-	_	_	-	Broad band.
4411 · 15	i	2	Ti	4411 .24	6	0	1	Identified in sun as — Cr.
4412:33		1	-	_		-	-	
4413 .93	1	1	_	_	-	-	-	

$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Spectrum} \\ \mathbf{of} \\ \mathbf{chromosphere.} \end{array}$ Probable identification. Intensity. Wave Element. Wave No. of Intenlength. Spark. Arc. Sun. 4415.29 4415.17 1 1 Fe 8 10 8 4415.65 2 2 Sc4415.72 15 2 3 2 2 4416 .98 4416 .98 3 Ti 6 3 4417 •93 3 3 4417 .88 5 4418.73 1 0 4421 .83 2 Ti 3 4421 .93 1 4 00 4422 .92 2 Y 4422 .74 10 3 4424 •53 2 2 4427 .30 2 2 Ti 4427 - 27 8 10 2 4429.41 1 1 4430 .08 2 2 4430 .07 8 10 00N La 4434 .30 2 1 4435 •13 20 5 5 4435 •53 2 2 Ca Possibly Eu 4435 7. 3 4 4435 .85 15 4443 • 98 4 6 Ti $4443 \cdot 98$ 15 3 5 4446 .55 2 3 4447 .93 2 1 \mathbf{Fe} 4447 .89 3R8 6 2 Ti 10 10 4449 • 48 2 2 4449:31 1 4450 •48 4450 .50 4 2 6 2 Ti 4450 '65 1 4454 .95 30 8 5 4454 96 2 1 Ce 2 4457 .48 1 $4458 \cdot 51$ 2 1 4459 65 1 0 4460 .37 3 1 4461 .44 2 1 4462 .45 3 1 4463:31 2 1 2 3 2 4464 .65 3 1 Ti 4464 :62 4466 .65 1 0 Fe 4466 .73 5 8 5 6 5 4468 • 71 5 5 Ti 4468 66 15 4469 • 57 2 Fe 4469 • 55 2 8 4 1 (4471 *65) 6 4471.51 5 7 Не 4472 .98 3 1 4474 •11 1 0 4474 .99 1 0 4476 .06 3 Fe 4476 •19 5 10 4 4479.61 1 1 4481 •30 100 0 00 Mg Separate measures, 4481 23, 4481 43. 4481 .33 2 1 4481 .43 Ti7 5 1 \mathbf{Fe} 4482 14 2 4482 .34 4 8 5 1 4483 .93 1 4485 .61 1 1 4487 .05 1 4487 .73 1 0

S	pectrum of omospher			Probable	identificat	ion.		
	1		Element.	Wave- length.		Intensity		
Wave- ength.	No. of photos.	Intensity.		length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	
488 • 44	1	1	Ti	4488 • 49	7	3	1.	
489 · 36	4	3	Fe	4489 •35	1	0	2	
491 •68	4	3	Fe	4491 • 57	1	0	2	
494 •37	1	1	****	-	_	_	-	
494 •87	1	1		_	-	_	-	
496 •87	4	2	Cr	4497 02	6	5	3	
499 •19	2	0	_	_		_	-	
501 •51	5	6	Ti	4501 .46	15	6	5	
505 •97	1	0	Accesses		-	— .	-	1
507 •05	1	0		_	-	-	-	
508 • 45	4	3	Fe	4508 •46	2	1	4	
512 ·32	1	1			W	-		
514 · 61	1	1		******	-	-	-	
515 •54	4	3	Fe	4515 • 51	1	1	3	
518 · 51	1	2			-	_	-	
520 • 41	4	4	Fe	4520 •40	1	1	3	
522 •84	5	5	Fe	4522 .80	2	1	3	
527 •82	1	0		-	-	-	-	
528 •96	2	1	Fe	4528 .80	6R	10 -	8	
529 • 79	1	0	Al	(4529 *80)	10	0	-	(Lockyer.)
531 •24	3	1	(Co	4531 •12	20	9	2	1
			₹ Fe	4531 •33	1	3	5	[f
34.18	5	6	Ti	4534 • 14	8	4	6	
35 •94	4	2	Ti	$(4535 \cdot 95)$	6, 6	6, 6, 6	3, 2, 2	
39 •89	4	1			-		-	
41.50	3	1	Fe	(4541 •40)	3	1	_	(Lockyer.)
42.03	1	0	_		-	_	-	
44 • 26	1	0	-					
45 •33	3	2	-		_	~	-	? Double.
47 '64	2	0	-	_	-	-	-	
49.79	5	8	Ti	4549 •81	15	4	6d ?	Identified in sun as Ti, Co.
50.99	1	0	-		_			·
52 •64	2	1	Ti	4552 •63	4	5	. 2]
	[Si	4552 • 73	8		1	
54.18	5	7	Ba	4554 •21	1,000	10	. 8	
56 •05	4	4	Fe	4556 .06	1	1	3	
58 .71	5	2	Cr	4558 .83	10	2	3	
60.73	4	1	-	-	-	-		? Double.
63.14	1	ó	-	-				
63.96	5	6	Ti	4563 . 94	15	4	4	
65 .82	3	2	-	-	-			
67 .02	2	0	-		-	-	_	
69.22	1	1		-				
72 • 20	5	7	Ti	4572 ·16	20	5	6	
74 .95	1	1	-	-	-	-		

Spectrum of chromosphere. Probable identification. Intensity. Wave Element. Wave-length. No. of photos. Intensity. length. Spark. Sun. Arc. 4576 .52 3 \mathbf{Fe} 4576 .51 2 4577 .56 2 0 4578 .86 . 2 0 v · 1 4580 .59 3 1 4580 •59 10 8 4581 .80 2 Co 4581 •69 1 10 7 4 4583 .03 1 1 4 2 4 4584 06 5 6 \mathbf{Fe} $4584 \cdot 02$ 4586 .79 1 0 4588 .29 3 1 \mathbf{Cr} 4588:38 10 1 3 Ti 7 3 4590 .11 3 1 4590 .13 1 4592 •25 0 1 Enh. Cr (L). 4592 •55 \mathbf{Cr} 3 1 4592 • 71 1 0 4594.19 4 1 4595.77 1 1 4596 .95 1 1 4598 '34 2 Fe 4598:30 1 6 3 0 4600 . 70 3 2 4609 71 1 0 4611 .58 2 4613 64 2 2 4616 45 2 1 \mathbf{Cr} 4616 •31 7 6 4 \mathbf{Cr} 4618 •97 5 0 4d ? 4619 20 2 1 $\dot{\mathbf{C}}\mathbf{r}$ 4619 • 47 5 0 3 4620 .40 2 4622 :89 3 2 4624 90 1 4626 58 1 0 1 6 Identified in sun as Ti, Co, Fe. 4629 '49 3 6 \mathbf{Fe} 4629 .52 1 4632 .76 1 1 2 \mathbf{Cr} 4634 . 25 6 1 • 5 2 4634:07 4637 .90 1 (4639 •86) 4639 88 2 3 Ti 2, 2, 1 5, 4, 5 5, 5, 5 4643 13 1 7 8 $4646 \cdot 36$ 2 3 \mathbf{Cr} 4646 . 35 5 4648 .75 2 2 Ni 4648 •84 6 3 4 4651 • 46 6 4 $4652 \cdot 12$ 2 1 \mathbf{Cr} 4652 .34 5 7 7 4654 .67 10 4 4654.63 \mathbf{Fe} 3 1 4654 .80 5

VOL. CCVI.—A.

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Ti

Al

Sc

(4657.08)

(4663.70)

4670 .59

6, 3

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7

4657 '00

4662:32

4663 •64

4667 16

4669 .46

4670 .45

3 K

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s	Spectrum of chromosphere,			Probabl	le identific	ation.		Lor	ED,	
ehre	omospher	е.		Wave-		Intensity	•	Wayo	Inton	
Wave- length,	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	Wave- length.	Intensity.	
4672 .85	1	0								
4678 78	1	1	Fe	4679 .03	1	8	6			
4680 . 36	1	1	Zn	4680 32	_	20	1			
4682 •20	2	2		_	_	_	_			
4689 •45	1	0	_	_	-	_	_			
4697 •26	1	2		_	_	_				
4698 •90	2	3		_		_				
4703 .65	2	1				_	_			
4707 25	1	1				_				
4708 .89	2	1	-				_			
4710 -21	2	1				_	_			
4713 • 37	1	1	He	(4713 · 25)	3	_	_			^
4714 • 47	2	2	Ni	4714 '60	3		6			
4715 48	1	1			_	_	_			
4722 · 49	2	2	Zn	4722 • 34		20	3			
4728 .05	2	2				_				
4731 •64	2	3	Fe	4731 •64		1	4			
4737 .05	2	3	Fe	4736 .96	1	10	6			
4740 42	2	1			_	_	_			
4743 • 45	1	1					_			
4746 04	1	0								
4749 ·53	1	1								
4751 .87	1	0			*******	_				
4754 .46	1	0	Mn	4754 23		10	7			
4756 •63	1	0	_						1	
4758 • 20	1	0	_							
4762 • 62	1	1	Mn	4762 . 57		8	5			
4764 · 39	1	1	1.	_			-		1	
			را	4766 .05) (3			
4766 13	1	1	Mn {	4766 •62		} 7 {	4			
4768 · 54	1	0	_]	_		_	-			
4773 •99	1	0	_	_			-			
4776 · 37	2	1		_			error.	4776 .00	1	
4778 06	2	1	<u>"</u>	_			manua.			
4780 '39	2	1						4780 •10	1	
4783 69	2	2	Mn	4783 •61		10	6	4783 45	1	
4786 -83	2	2	Y	4786 *80	-		-	4786 · 52	1	
4789 . 70	2	2	_	_				4789 :51	1	
4792 93	2	2							_	
4796 · 18	1	0			_	,			_	
4798 •67	2	2				_		4798 • 76	1	
4800 .97	2	1		_				_	_	
4805.30	3	3	Ti	4805 •29	4	1	3	4805 · 16	2	Ì
4811 .04	1	2	Zn	4810 . 72		20	3	4810 .90	1	
4815 .97	1	0	_		_			_		
		1	J	1		To the second se	1			

5013.95

5018:56 5022 07

5030 .80

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Fe

5018 .63

5031 20

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Probable identification. Spectrum of chromosphere. Lord. Intensity. Wave Wave-Inten-Element. Wave-length. No. of photos. Intensity. length. length. sity. Spark. Sun. 4824 11 2 3 \mathbf{Cr} 4824 .33 8 1 3 4823 .95 2 4829 24 1 1 2 1 4832:59 4836.53 2 1 Co 9 2 4840 .45 4840 .53 1 1 Fe 4840 .50 1 3 4844 02 1 1 1 1 4846 .71 2 1 1 2 \mathbf{Cr} 4848 • 44 1 4848 • 39 4848 *83 4849 •30 1 1 2 2 Ni 4855 .60 3 4855 22 1 4855 •50 4861 •53 30 4861 .51 20 2 100 H_{β} 4861 .53 1 1 4866 15 4868 20 2 2 4871 •51 8 5 4871 .74 1 2 2 Fe 4871 .74 4872 .33 8 4 2 4881 •66 1 2 2 2 Y 4883 .87 2 4883 .74 4883 .77 1 1 4885 •91 3 Fe 4891 .69 5 10 8 4891 •24 2 2 4891 •59 1 1 4894 •04 2 2 Y 6 4900 05 4 4900:30 2 4900 26 1 4904 37 1 4904 .04 4909 • 94 1 0 4910.54 1 Ti 3 1 0 4911 .38 1 4911 14 1 0 4911 •98 0 4913 · 10 1 1 1 1 4913 91 4914 .34 1 8 6 4919 · 16 Fe 2 1 4919:17 4919 17 9 10 \mathbf{Fe} 4920 .69 12 3 4920 .61 1 4921 · 17 2 р Не 4922:10 4 5 4924 ·12 5 4924 11 15 1 2 8 Fe 4924 11 1 4928 11 4930 .87 1 1 Ba 4934 .25 100 7 4934 21 5 2 3 4934 - 17 4938 .92 6 4 1 4938 .70 2 1 \mathbf{Fe} 4939 .00 0 4952 · 48 1 5 $4957 \cdot 49$ 2 6 \mathbf{Fe} 4957 .57 3 2 2 4957 . 58 8 8 4957 .79 10

3

5013:28

5014 •59

5018 .67

5031 .20

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	Sı	pectrum			Probable	e identifica	tion.		Lord.			
	chro	mospher	e.		Wave-	٠.	Intensity.		Wave-	Inten-		
lei	/ave- ngth.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Element.	length.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.	length.	sity.	·	
50	97 • 07	1	0	Fe	5097 • 17		4	3	5097 • 0	1		
51	00.16	1	0	_				_	5101 0	1		
	54.44	1	0	Ti	5154 ·24	-	0	2	5154 • 12	1		
1	62 • 93	1	0	Fe	5162 •45		6	5	5162.05	1		
1	64 •25	1	1			Armone				_		
				γ Mg	5167 • 50		10	15)	F10F-00'"	-		
91	67 • 70	1	0	Î Fe	5167 .68	5	4	5	5167 •39	5		
51	69 • 01	2	4	Fe {	5169 .07	5	4	3]	5169 • 14	5		
	.00 01	_	•	" (5169 •22	10	2	4 ∫	0100 11			
51	73 01	2	4	Mg	5172.86	_	15	20	5173 • 22	5		
51	78 • 14	2	1					_		-		
51	83.80	2	5	Mg	5183.79		20	30	5184 • 18	8		
51	88.38	1	0	-	-	. —		-	5188 • 78	1		
51	.92 •98	. 1	0	Fe	5192 • 52		10	5	5192 •10	1		
51	96 .80	1	0					ſ	5195 •29	1		
"	.50 00	1	"		.,		-	- J	5197 • 56	1		
52	805 •99	2	1	Cr	5206 22		10	5	5205 • 43	1		
52	19.74	1	1		_		-	-				
52	27 •21	2	2	Fe	5227 .04		10	3	5226 • 95	1		
52	34.88	2	2	_	5234 •79	_		2	5234 • 42	2		
52	849 .80	1	0	_			-		5250 68	1		
52	254 •96	1	1	_		-	-		5254 •98	1		
52	e65·59	1	1	Ca	5265 .73	_	-	_ {	5261 · 0 band	$\left\{ egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} ight.$		
52	270 •03	2	1	Fe {	5269 · 72 5270 · 56	_	10 10	8d ? 4	}5270·02	5		
52	276 • 24	2	2.	$\begin{cases} & \text{Fe} \\ & -\text{Cr} \end{cases}$	5276 ·17 5276 ·24	_	3 6	3 }	5276 • 16	4		
52	280 •84	1	0	_	_				5281 39	1		
52	284 •66	2	2	_			_	_	5283 •92	2		
52	289 •46	1	0	_	anness.		_	_	B ooked			
52	293 •82	. 1	1		_	_	_	_	_	_		
52	299 •00	1	0	_		_		_	5297 •97	1		
58	302 •97	1	1	Fe	5302 •48	-	10	5	5302 •38	1		
53	312 •53	1	0	_	-	-	*****	_				
58	316 •94	2	4	Fe {	5316 · 79 5316 · 96	3	2	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}4\\2\end{array}\right\}$	5316*88	4	Enh. sp. 3. Are 0. Lockyer.	
55	329 •03	2	2						5328 •33	4		
5	337 •39	2	1	Ti	5336 97		3	4	5336 •84	1		
5	341.05	1	0	Fe	5341 •21	_	8	7	5340 •95	1		
1	362 •83	2	1	_	_	_			5262 •92	2		
5	371 • 72	2	2	{ Cr Fe	5371 ·66 5371 ·73	_	0	2 }	5371 •58	3		
5	377 •65	1	0	_	_	_	_			p		
5	381 • 18	1	0	_	_	_	_	_	5381 .00	1		
l		1	1	1	-	1		1				

Wave-length. No. of photos. Intensity. length. length. 5404*65 1 0 Fe 56	Wave-ength. 404 '36 405 '99 415 '42	Spark.	Intensity.	Sun.	Wave- length.	Inten-	
Wavelength. No. of length. Intensity. Intensity. Items le 5404 35 1 0 Fe 56 5406 37 2 1 Fe 56	404 ·36 405 ·99		Arc.	Sun.	length.	sity.	
5406·37 2 1 Fe 54	405 •99	_		1	length.	sity.	
5406·37 2 1 Fe 54	405 •99		8	5	5404 • 25	1	,
	-	- 1	10	6	5405 • 79	2	
	415.42			_	5410 •02	1	
5415·12 2 1 Fe 5			10	5	5415 • 03	1	
5419.63 1 0 —	_	_	_	_	5419 • 12	1	
	425 • 47	_		1	5425 06	1	
	429 •91	_	10	6d ?	5429 65	. 2	
	434 .70	_	8	5	5434 •69	- 2	
	447 13	_	10	6d ?	5447 08	2	
5451 •94 2 1 —	_	_	_	_		_	
	455.83	_	10	4	5455 86	3	
	463 · 17	_	1	3]			
5463·35 2 2 Fe {	463 • 49		8	3	$5462 \cdot 70$. 1	
	466 · 61		4	3			
5473.43 2 1 —			_	_		_	
5477 •21 2 3 —	· <u>·</u>				5476 86	2	
5482 52 2 1 —		_	4 <u>-</u>				
5488 • 31	_			_		-	
5493 •41 1 0 —					_		
	497 .74		1	5	5497 • 73	1	
	501.68	_	8	5	5501.62	1	
	507 00	_	8	5	5506 • 69	1	
5510 •85 1 0 -	30, 00		_	_	_	_	
5514.15 1 1 —	_	_	_			_	
	527 .03	_	_	3	5527 .65	2	
5535 • 37 2 3 -	1021 03	_			5535 30	2	
	5	_		_		4	
		_		_		_	
	5555 12	_	6	3			
	1000 12	_	0	. 0	5588 •09	,	
5588·23 1 0 — 5600·15 1 0 —		_	_	_	9900.09	1	
1 1 1 1	_	_			 5602 · 57	. 1	
	615 .88		10	 a	5615 • 52	1	
	019 00	_	10	6	9019 92	1	
5616 •95 1 1 — 5619 •97 1 1 — —	_	_	_			_	
	_					_	
		_	-	_		_	
	6624 .77	_	8	4	5624 98	1	
5635 16 1 1 -	_	-			5041 -17	_	
5642 • 52 2 1 —	_	-	_		5641 •17	1	
5647 57 1 0 -		_		-	E050 +00	_	
	658 10	-	·	2	5658 •02	1	
	6663 15			1	5663 * 56	1	
5668·02 1 1 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	-	-		_	-		
5875·87 2 3 He 58	875 -87	10		_ '		_	
					W-1		

Hydrogen.

In the following table a comparison is given of the measured wave-lengths of the hydrogen lines with those computed by the formula

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{a} \cdot \frac{n^2}{n^2 - 4} \left[\text{where } \alpha = \frac{1}{27418 \cdot 75} \text{ and is derived from Rowland's values for } H_{\alpha}, H_{\beta}, H_{\gamma} \right]$$

and corrected for air:-

Line.	Intensity.	Wave-length.	Tabular.	T – O.	
δ	30	4101 · 92	1.90	-0.02	
. €	30	$3970 \cdot 21$	$0\cdot 22$	+0.01	
ζ	20	3889:15	$9\cdot 20$	+0.05	He line at 3888 · 72.
	20	$3835 \cdot 53$	$5 \cdot 53$	0.00	
$\overset{oldsymbol{\eta}}{ heta}$	19	$3798 \cdot 06$	$8 \cdot 04$	-0.02	
ı	15	$3770 \cdot 79$	$0 \cdot 77$	-0.02	
K.	10	$3750\cdot 32$	$0 \cdot 30$	- 0.02	
λ	12	$3734\cdot 52$	$4 \cdot 51$	-0.01	
μ	12	$3722\cdot05$	$2 \cdot 08$	+0.03	
ν	10	$3712 \cdot 12$	$2 \cdot 11$	-0.01	
ξ	10	$3704 \cdot 00$	$4 \cdot 00$	0.00	
0	8	$3697 \cdot 29$	$7 \cdot 29$	0.00	
π	8	$3691 \cdot 70$	$1 \cdot 70$	0.00	
ρ	7	$3687 \cdot 00$	$6 \cdot 97$	-0.03	
σ	4	$3682\cdot 92$	$2\cdot 95$	+0.03	
au	$egin{array}{c} 4 \ 3 \ 3 \end{array}$	$3679 \cdot 50$	$9 \cdot 49$	-0.01	
\boldsymbol{v}	3	$3676\cdot 54$	$6 \cdot 50$	-0.04	
ϕ	3	$3673 \cdot 90$	$3 \cdot 90$	0.00	
	3	3671 46	1.48	+0.02	Zr line at 3671 · 41.
$\overset{\chi}{\psi}$	2	$3669 \cdot 58$	$9 \cdot 60$	+0.02	
ω	2	$3667 \cdot 89$	$7 \cdot 82$	-0.07	
α'	2	$3666 \cdot 21$	$6\cdot 24$	+0.03	
β'	3 3 2 2 2 2 3 2	$3664\cdot 78$	$4 \cdot 82$	+0.04	Y line at 3664.76.
β' γ' 8'		3663.58	$3 \cdot 54$	-0.04	
δ'	$\frac{2}{1}$	$3662\cdot35$	$2 \cdot 40$	+0.05	Ti line at 3662 · 38.
ϵ'	1	$3661 \cdot 39$	$1\cdot 35$	-0.04	F

The agreement with the formula is very close: there is a mean difference of -010which could be corrected by a slight change in the constant, but it is open to doubt whether this is a real difference. It seems that Balmer's law for the hydrogen lines holds to within about '01 of a tenth-metre.

Helium.

The helium lines are strongly shown, but those of par-helium are doubtful. is a line at 4388.10 which may coincide with 4388.15, intensity 3. The line at 3964 The lines at 5015 and 4922 are not shown. possibly occurs as a compound line.

Argon, Xenon, Neon, Krypton.

There is no evidence of the presence of these gases in the chromosphere.

Carbon.

A number of carbon lines including the heads of the band at 3833 are shown, but not very strongly.

Sodium.

The lines D_1 and D_2 can be seen faintly on one of the Sumatra photographs, and the lines at 3303 are probably shown.

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Magnesium.

The b lines and the triplet at 3838, 3832, 3829 are very strongly shown, but that at 3336, 3332, 3329 is not shown. The arc lines at 4352 and 4703 may possibly be represented in compound lines. The strongly enhanced line at 4481.3 may possibly be shown by a line of intensity 1, but the latter line measured can be satisfactorily identified with a titanium line.

Aluminium.

The strong arc lines at 3944 and 3961 are shown fairly strongly. The three strong spark lines at 3581.02, 3601.95, and 3612.68 are possibly faintly shown; but the line at 3587.15, intensity 0, may well be due to Fe, and the line at 3602.05 is easily accounted for as Y. There still remains a line 3612.65, intensity 0, which may be the Al line.

Silicon.

The following table gives a detailed comparison of all the lines in EXNER and HASCHEK'S list with the lines in the chromosphere which are possibly coincident with them :--

Spark lines (HASC)		Chr	romospher	e.	
Wave- length.	Intensity.	Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	
3796·50 3806·90	2 3	3796 · 44 Not shown	1	1	
$3853 \cdot 62$	1	3853.61	1	1	Possibly C.
3854.02	$\bar{1}$	Not shown			
$3856 \cdot 19$	6,	3855 · 87	1	1	C. at 3855.77, intensity 3 in sun.
3862 · 80	4	$3862 \cdot 79$	4	2	
3883 · 46	$1 \\ 5$	3883.38	3	3	Coincides with head of first C. band.
3905 · 71	5	3905 · 68	4	0	In \odot 3905.66 Si, 12. Chrom. line possibly enh. Cr.
4021.0	1	Not shown			
4030 · 1		$4029 \cdot 95$	$oldsymbol{4}$	1	
4096 · 8	$_{1}^{2}$	$4097 \cdot 05$	$rac{4}{1}$	0	
4103 · 2	1	4103 · 15	. 1	2	In \odot 4103·10 Si, Mn 5. Probably not Mn in chrom.
4128 · 208*	5	$4128 \cdot 31$	f 4	2	Possibly 4128 · 25 V.
4131 · 040*	6	4130 · 96	6	2	Possibly 4130.88 Ba.
$4552\cdot 7$		$4552 \cdot 64$	2	0	•
4567.95	$\begin{matrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{matrix}$	Not shown			
4574.9	1	4574 · 95	1	1	
$4764 \cdot 20$	2	4764 · 39	1	2	Possibly enh. Ti 4764·11.

^{*} Wave-lengths determined by HARTMANN.

A good deal of caution is necessary in establishing the identical origin of the weak lines, but the cumulative evidence of the close agreement of the wave-lengths of the lines 3862, 3905, 4103, 4128, 4131, and 4552 gives a fair degree of probability for the existence of Si in the chromosphere.

Calcium.

The calcium lines are very strongly shown, and the intensities follow closely those given by Exner and Haschek for the spark spectrum.

Ch	Chromosphere.		Intensity in—		Cl	ıromosphe	Intensity in—		
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Spark.	Are (K. and R.).	Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Spark.	Are (K. and R.).
3706 · 18 3737 · 08 3933 · 84 3968 · 63 4226 · 91	11 11 13 13 4	5* 8* 100 80 5	10 15 100 80 10	4 4 10 10 10	4302 · 68 4307 · 92 4318 · 79 4425 · 62 4435 · 12 4435 · 84 4454 · 93	$\left\{egin{array}{c} 2\\ 4\\\\\\ \end{array} ight\}$	1 ? 4* — 2 1	6 2 3 3 4 3 5	10 8 8 10 10 8 10

* Compound lines.

Comparison of the two sides of the above table shows the relative behaviour of enhanced and unenhanced lines, the 7 strong arc lines on the right being only just shown, if at all, in the chromosphere spectrum.

Scandium.

Scandium is very strong in the chromospheric spectrum. Exner and Haschek give 23 lines of intensity 10 or greater. The only one of these not found in the chromospheric spectrum is 3558.72, intensity 20. The intensities agree well with the spark. All the lines are present in the solar spectrum.

Titanium.

Titanium is very strong in the chromospheric spectrum. Analysing the results, taking Exner and Haschek's spark spectrum as argument, it is found that: (i) The 7 lines of intensity 50 are all strongly shown. These are all fairly strong arc lines, but two of them, 3383.91 and 3505.06, are weak in the solar spectrum. (ii) The 5 lines of intensity 30 are well shown. They are all strong in the solar spectrum. The lines 3741 and 3913 are decidedly "enhanced." (iii) Of the lines of intensity 20 the weakest in the chromosphere is 3989.91, a line strong in the arc and the sun. (iv) The lines of intensity 15 are strongly shown, with three exceptions, viz.—3653.64 and 3998.79 very strong in the arc and strong in the sun, and 3456.53 of intensity 3 in the sun and outside the limit of Hasselberg's arc spectrum. (v) The lines of

intensity 10, 9, 8 and 7 are generally well shown, except at the red end of the The strongest lines in the chromosphere are "enhanced," e.g., 4012:54, 3757.82, 4172.07. The lines 3753.00, 3924.67, 3948.82, 3956.48 may be instanced as lines strong in the arc and the sun, but missing in the chromosphere.

The behaviour of the titanium lines may be instanced from almost any part of the A good variety of lines is shown between 3900 and 3950.

Wave-length.	Chromosphere.	Spark.	Arc.	Sun.
3900 • 68	7	50	2.3	5
$3904 \cdot 93$ $3913 \cdot 61$	7	10 30	3 · 4 2 · 3	5
$3924 \cdot 67 \\ 3932 \cdot 16$	3	6	2.3	1
$3947\cdot 92$	0	9	3.0	2

Vanadium.

Vanadium is not at all strong in the chromosphere. The strongest arc lines, 4379 and 4384, are not shown. There is, however, reason to think some of the "enhanced" lines are present, as will be seen from the following table:—

Chro	mosphere	э.	Solar	spectrum.	Spark*				
Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Wave- length.	Intensity.	intensity.	intensity.			
3517·51 3520·21 3530·90 3545·27 3566·21 3592·16 3700·41 3715·60 3718·44 3727·46 3728·49 3736·11 3771·06 3787·34 4023·55 4090·78 4095·58 4116·66	3 1 4 3 3 7 2 8 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 6 3 1	1 0 2 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 0 1 2 2 0 1	$\begin{array}{c} 3517 \cdot 45 \\ 3520 \cdot 17 \\ 3530 \cdot 92 \\ 3545 \cdot 34 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 3566 \cdot 11 \\ 3566 \cdot 31 \\ 3592 \cdot 17 \\ 3700 \cdot 48 \\ 3715 \cdot 62 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	- V 3 2 3 - V 4 Ti 1 - 2N V 2 1 Mn ? 4 - 1 - 2 V-Co 3 V ? 1 V 0 V 1 V, Fe ? 0	20 14 20 20 12 18 12 20 10 16 10 20 16 20 16 21 21	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Wave-length " " "	3718·35 ii 3728·51 3736·16 3787·39	n spark.

* From 'WATTS' Index,' Appendix M.

It should at the same time be noted that a number of enhanced lines are not seen, but this may be expected when the lines which are shown are all weak.

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Chromium.

Chromium is very strong in the chromospheric spectrum. The only strong spark line in Exner and Haschek's list which is missing is 3976.82 of intensity 9. arc lines are shown, but it is the enhanced lines which are strongest. following table the intensities in the sun, spark, and arc, are taken from Mr. Jewell's paper:-

	Enha	inced line	es		Strong are lines.				
Wave- length.	Chromo- sphere.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.	Wave- length.	Chromo- sphere.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.
$3408 \\ 3421 \\ 3422$	4 4 4	$\begin{matrix} 3\\4\\4\end{matrix}$	20 10 10	$egin{array}{c} 3 \ 3 \ 4 \end{array}$	3578 3593 3605	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 2 \ 1 \end{array}$	10 9 7	20 10 20	30 30 20
$\begin{array}{c} 3433 \\ 3603 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	3	10 10	$\frac{3}{0}$	$4254 \\ 4274$	3 3	8 7	50 30	50 50

Manganese.

Manganese is not so strong as chromium, and only some of the strongest spark lines of Exner and Haschek's list are shown. Some strong arc lines from 4754 to 4823 are feebly shown, the strongest arc lines near 4030 are well shown. strongest chromospheric lines are given below.

	Enhanced lines.					Stronge	est arc li	nes.	÷
Wave- length.	Chromosphere.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.	Wave- length.	Chromo- sphere.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.
3442 3460	4 3	6	40 40	7 3	4030 4033	2 1	12 10	20 20	30 25
$3474 \\ 3483 \\ 3488$	$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 2 \ 2 \end{array}$	4 5 4	40 30 30	3	4034		8	10	20

Iron.

The following table gives some of the stronger iron lines from 3735 to 3930. are avoided whose origin either in the sun or chromosphere is ambiguous, intensities of the arc lines are taken from Kayser and Runge's list:—

777		Intensity	in the—	-		Intensity in the—				
Wave- length.			Wave- length.	Chromo- sphere.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.			
3733	4	7	10	8	3816	6	15	9	8	
3738	3	3	3	6	3824	7	$\overset{15}{6}$	7	8	
3745	10	$\begin{cases} 8 \\ 6 \end{cases}$	7 7	8	3826 3828	8 7	20 8	9	8 8	
3748	7	10	7	$\ddot{6}$	3834	8	10	8	8	
3749	4	20	8	10	3856	4	8	8	8	
3758	4	15	8	8	3860	5	20	9	10	
3763	7	10	7	8	3873	4	7	8	8	
3765	3	6	5	8	3886	4	15	8	6	
3767	6	8	7	8	3895	3	7	5	6	
3788	3	9	5	6	3899	3	8	6	6	
3790	3	5	3	6	3923	2	12	6	8	
3795	3	8	8	6	3928	4	8	7	8	
3799	4	7	7	6	3930	4	8	6	8	

The intensities of the lines in the chromosphere on the whole follow the spark spectrum most nearly. It may be noticed, too, that the lines which are specially strong in the sun (compare, e.g., 3826 and 3828) are not specially strong in the chromosphere, spark, or arc.

The most striking enhanced lines are not in this part of the spectrum. following list gives some of those which are very faint in the spark with a comparison with neighbouring arc lines:—

	Enha	nced line	es.	4		A	rc lines.		
117	The state of the s	Intensity	in the—				Intensity	y in the—	
Wave- length.	Chromo- sphere.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.	Wave- length.	Chromo- sphere.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.
4385	4	2	1		4383	5	15	10	10
4489	3	2	1 1		4405	1	10	10	10
4491	3	2	1		4415	1	8	10	8
4508	3	4	2	1	4482	1	5	4	8
4515	3	3	1	1	4528	1	8	6	10
4520	4	3	1	1		* .			
4522	5	3	2	1					
4556	4	3	1	1					

Nickel.

Nickel is very weak in the chromospheric spectrum. About a dozen lines can with considerable probability be attributed to it. These are the strongest spark lines of

EXNER and HASCHEK, and are generally strong in the arc and the sun. lines are possibly shown at 4067 and 4245, but the identification is not certain. line at 3769 may well be enhanced Ni.

	Chromosphere.		Wave-length.	Sun.	Spark.	Ama	
Wave-length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	wave-length.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.	
3769 · 66	4	3	3769 · 60	3	20	1	

A considerably enhanced line at 3484 is not shown.

Cobalt.

Cobalt, like nickel, is very weak. There are enough lines to assert its existence in the chromosphere with certainty. They are all of intensity 1 or 0, with the exception of an enhanced line at 3621. There are 16 arc lines of intensity 9 or 10 given by Hasselberg, and 3502.4 and 4118.9 are the only ones certainly not shown.

	Chromosphere.		Warralanath	Cun	Charle	A	
Wave-length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Wave-length. Sun.		Spark.	Arc.	
3621·3 8	3	2	3621 · 34	2	10	The second secon	

Zinc.

The strong arc triplet, 4680, 4722, 4810, is possibly shown, though faintly, in the chromospheric spectrum.

Chromos	sphere.	Warra lan ath	Q	A
Wave-length.	Intensity.	Wave-length.	Sun.	Arc.
4680 · 26 4722 · 49 4811 · 04	1 2 2	4680·32 4722·34 4810·72	Zn 1 Zn 3 Zn 3	20 20 20

Mr. Lord gives lines at 4722.23 and 4810.90 of intensity 1. The line at 3345.4 is not shown, and it is impossible to say whether 3302.90 is shown owing to the proximity of Na.

Strontium.

Two of the strongest lines in the chromosphere are due to Sr. arc lines and extremely strong in the spark. Two other lines, almost equally strong in the spark and arc, are not shown.

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Wave-length.	Spark.	Arc.	Chromosphere.	Sun.
$3380 \cdot 89$ $3464 \cdot 58$ $4077 \cdot 88$ $4215 \cdot 66$	80 100 100 100	8 8 10 10		Sr ? 1 1 Sr 8 Sr 5d ?

Possibly a line at 4305.61 is also shown.

Yttrium.

Yttrium is strongly shown, all the strong spark lines of Exner and Haschek At least 20 lines may be safely identified as yttrium. being present.

Zirconium.

A few of the stronger arc lines given by Rowland and Harrison occur in the chromosphere, while practically all the strong spark lines given by EXNER and HASCHEK are shown. As this element furnishes a good illustration of the relationship of the chromospheric and solar spectra to those of the spark and arc, the lines assigned to zirconium in the chromosphere are given below.

117		Intensity	in the—		W	Intensity in the—			
Wave- length.	Chromo- sphere.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.	Wave- length.	Chromo- sphere.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.
3392 · 11	1	2	15	10	3668 · 61	0	00	4	
3404.95	1	0	6	5	3674.85	$\begin{vmatrix} & \circ \\ 2 & \end{vmatrix}$	1	10	3
3410 · 39	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & \end{vmatrix}$	ĭ	8	i	3698 · 28	3	2*	10	
3430.71	1	ī	10	3	3714.92		$\bar{0}$	6	
3438 · 38	$\overline{2}$	$ar{2}$	15	3 5	3731 · 37	$egin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	0*	10	
3479 · 48	1	$ar{2}$	10		3751 · 80	2	00	12	
3481 · 31	2	2*	10	- 5	3766 · 94	2	1*	10	
$3496 \cdot 33$	$ $ $ $. 2	20	7	3836 · 91	4	1*	12	
$3505 \cdot 77$	1 1	1*	8	4	3914.58	2	1	4	
3552 · 11	$\frac{2}{3}$	1	10	4 3	4048.82	2	1	10	7
3556 · 81	3	2	15	5	4149.33	3	2	20	10
3577.00	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	1	10		$4209 \cdot 15$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	1 .	10	
3614 · 92	3	2	- 10	5	4258 • 24		0	5	7
3624.03	1 1	1	8	4	4348.06	1	1	8	3
3630 · 13	1	1	5	1	$4379 \cdot 94$	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 2 \end{array}$	0	12	7
3636 · 69	0	1	4	1	4403 · 49	2	0	4	1
-									

^{*} Compound lines.

The arc spectrum with which comparison was made contains 250 lines, including 8 of intensity 10 and about 30 of intensity 7 or 8. Yet of the 32 lines given above, 11 are not found in the arc spectrum and 4 are of intensity 1, while only 6 can be called strong arc lines.

The line 3542.77, of intensity 12 in the spark and absent in the arc, and of intensity 00 in the sun, is an exceptional case where an enhanced line does not appear in the chromosphere.

Barium.

The arc lines at 4554 and 4934 are strongly shown, and probably the line at 5535.37, intensity 2, is the Barium line 5535.69. None of the enhanced lines are shown.

Lanthanum.

A number of strong arc lines are shown. These lines are all strong in the spark except (if due to La) 4105.07, which is of intensity 1 in the spark and 10 in the arc. But as there is an unidentified solar line at 4105.10 and the La arc line is given by ROWLAND as 4105.03, it is possible that these lines are not identical, and that the chromospheric line agrees with the former. Enhanced lines at 3737.67 and 3871.89 are not shown, but 3517, 3713, 3790, 3949, 4196 are shown.

Cerium.

The spark spectrum of cerium has no very strong lines. Ten of intensity 10, 9, or 8 are given by EXNER and HASCHEK in the region considered, but the places of two are occupied by enhanced Ti and Fe lines. The remaining 8 are as follows:—

Spark.		Chr	comosphere.	Sun.		
Wave-length.	Intensity.	Wave-length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Wave-length.	Intensity.
3801 · 71	8	$3801 \cdot 62$	7	3	3801 · 68	- C 0 Nd ?
$4133 \cdot 98$	10	4133.83	4	1	$4133 \cdot 97$	Ce 0
$4137 \cdot 78$	9	$4137 \cdot 54$. 7	3	$4137 \cdot 57$	2
$4150 \cdot 09$	10	4150.10	4	2	$4150 \cdot 06$	Ce 00
$4152 \cdot 13$	9	$4152 \cdot 14$	5	2	$4152 \cdot 11$	Fe-La 2
$4165 \cdot 75$	10	$4165 \cdot 71$	3	2	$4165 \cdot 76$	Ce - 2
$4186 \cdot 71$	10	$4186 \cdot 76$	1	1	4186.78	Ce-Zr, 2N
$4360 \cdot 38$	8					

The line 4137 is probably the solar line 4137.57, but not cerium; cerium may have contributed to the lines at 4152 and 4186. The other lines are probably due to cerium, though the line 4133 is somewhat doubtful. The conclusion, slightly strengthened by the lines of intensity 5, 6, 7 in the spark, is that cerium is present, but very weak, in the chromospheric spectrum.

Præsodymium.

Some strong spark lines appear to be shown, but an equal number not.

Neodymium.

There seem to be a large number of lines which can be identified with this element. Few of them are very strong, and there is frequently doubt about the identifications. The following lines are, however, probably due to neodymium:—

(Chromosphere.		W11	C C	G 1
Wave-length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	- Wave-length.	Sun.	Spark.
$3906 \cdot 03$ $3911 \cdot 29$ $3994 \cdot 87$ $4061 \cdot 28$ $4109 \cdot 61$	2 2 3 5 6	0 0 2 1 4	$3906 \cdot 04$ $3911 \cdot 32$ $3994 \cdot 83$ $4061 \cdot 24$ $4109 \cdot 61$	Nd -3 Nd 0 Nd 2 Nd 3 Nd 1	4 7 5 10 8

Samarium.

Possibly some of the strongest spark lines are shown.

Gadolinium.

There is a strong line at 3768:46 in the chromosphere which has been attributed with some hesitation to the strongest line in the spectrum of gadolinium.

	Chromosphere.			Wave-length, Sun.		Choule
Wave-length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	wave-length.	, s	Arc.	Spark.
3768 · 46	6	3	3768 · 54	Gd 70	20	20

Several of the strong lines are possibly shown, but two of intensity 12 at 3422 and 3719 are missing.

Ytterbium.

The very strong spark line at 3694.35 is shown. The next strongest spark line is also seen.

Chromosphere.		Warralanath	Sun.	Gnords	Ano	
Wave-length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Wave-length.	Sun.	Spark.	Arc.
$3479 \cdot 02 \\ 3694 \cdot 29$	1 8	0 4	$3479 \cdot 05 \\ 3694 \cdot 34$	000 Yb 3	20 200	10

Tantalum.

The strongest spark lines are possibly shown.

The strongest arc lines appear to be faintly shown, but not the enhanced lines. The following table gives all the strongest lines in Exner and Haschek:—

Spa	ırk.	Cl	romosphere	э.	337		
Wave- length.	Intensity.	Wave- length.	No. of photos.	Intensity.	Wave- length.	Sun.	Arc.
3572 · 95 3639 · 72 3683 · 60 — 3740 · 10	20 20 20 — 20	3573·19 3639·66 3683·70 — 3740·19	$\frac{1}{3}$	0 1 1 0 —	3639·66 3683·62 3683·76	Pb 1 Pb 000 Fe 2	8r 10r 10r
$3786 \cdot 37 \\ 3854 \cdot 05$	20 20	3786 · 29 Not shown	1	1	37 86·31	Fe 4d?	and the house
4058·05 4245·2	20 20	4058 · 02 Not shown	2	1	4058.04	Pb 0	10r
4387 · 0	20	4387 · 01	2	1	4387 · 01	Ti ? 1	

The evidence, such as it is, is in favour of the presence in the chromosphere of the three lines of intensity 10 in the arc, though the line at 4058.05 may just as well be a spark line of tantalum.

Europium.

'Watts' Dictionary of Spectra' (Appendix M.) gives the intensities in the spark and arc of the strongest lines.

Wave-	Inten	sity.	Chro	mosphere.		
length.	Spark.	Arc.	Wave- length.	No. of photos.	In- tensity.	
4662 · 1	50	5	$4662\cdot 32$	1	0	
$4627 \cdot 4$	100	8	Marrien			
$4522 \cdot 8$	20	15	$4522 \cdot 80$	5	5	Enh. Fe.
$4435 \cdot 7$	50	30	$4435 \cdot 53$	2	2	
$4205 \cdot 2$	100	50	$4205 \cdot 21$	5	4	·
$4129 \cdot 9$	100	100	$4129 \cdot 87$	5	4	In sun 29.88, intensity 1.
$3972 \cdot 2$	50	50	$3972\cdot 02$	5	2	In sun 72·13, intensity 0?
$3930 \cdot 7$	50	50	$3930 \cdot 46$	5	4	Fe.
$3907 \cdot 3$	30	30	$3907 \cdot 28$	6	2	
3819.8	50	50	$3819 \cdot 73$	3	1	He.
$3725 \cdot 1$	30	20	$3724\cdot 97$	3	1	
$3688 \cdot 6$	20	10				

The strongest spark lines, 4205.2 and 4129.9, are strongly shown.

Aluminium, magnesium, barium, zinc and lead appear to show the arc lines, but not the enhanced lines, or at most very faintly. They are exceptions to the very general rule, and the important part the enhanced lines and strong spark lines take in the chromospheric spectrum is amply demonstrated for the different metals discussed wherever it has been possible to compare with both an arc and spark spectrum, particularly for titanium, iron, chromium, scandium, yttrium and zirconium.

The extent of spectrum considered and the accuracy with which the wave-lengths have been determined makes the identification of nearly all the brighter lines tolerably certain. I have compared the results with those obtained by Sir N. Lockyer, Mr. Evershed, Professor Frost, Professor Lord, Dr. Humphreys, Dr. Mitchell and Dr. Jewell, and have without scruple availed myself of their opinions of the identification of lines which I might otherwise have overlooked. The method of identification of lines pursued has been, generally speaking, by comparison with the strongest spark lines given by Exner and Haschek. When the enhanced lines as given in Sir N. Lockyer's identification of the chromospheric spectrum obtained in the 1898 eclipse are added, the principal lines are well accounted for.

Spectrum of the Higher Chromosphere.

At the eclipse of 1905, August 30, the photographs taken for the spectrum of the corona contain a number of chromospheric lines. The slit of the spectroscope which was set nearly tangential to the sun passed through the large prominence which was near the point of second contact.

The following table gives the observed wave-lengths determined by means of Hartmann's formula. One photograph extends from 4026 to 4501, and the other from 4685 to 5875. It will be seen that the helium lines and the line 4685 86 are stronger in the higher than the lower chromosphere. The enhanced iron lines appear to be weakened in the higher chromosphere in comparison with the Mg arc lines and the enhanced titanium lines.

Spectrum of the Higher Chromosphere.

Observed wave-length.			Intensity.	Intensity in lower chromosphere.	o
4026·20 4077·84 4101·88 4120·95 4215·71 4226·93 4233·47 4247·00 4254·50 4272·09 4274·93 4290·25 4290·25 4290·25 4300·21 4308·11 4312·81 4315·29 4320·92 4325·98 4338·06 4340·64 4351·75 4383·63 4387·98 4395·14 4404·79 4415·69 4417·89 4420·37 4443·93 4468·67 4471·64 4501·39	4026·34 4077·89 4101·91 4120·97 4215·70 4226·90 4233·33 4247·00 4254·51 4271·93 4274·96 4290·37 4294·27 4300·20 4308·08 4313·02 4315·14 4320·91 4325·94 4338·08 4340·63 4351·93 4348·10 4395·20 4404·89 4415·72 4417·88 ———————————————————————————————————	He Sr He Sr Ca Fe Sc Cr Fe Cr Ti and Fe Ti Fe Ti Fe Ti Fe Ti Fe Ti Ti Fe Ti	6 8 20 1 8 4 2 6 2 1 1 2 2 4 2 1 1 2 2 2 30 1 4 4 8 3 1 1 2 2 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	? 15 60 ? 12 6 7 10 3 2 3 5 2 5 4 3 3 4 4 5 100 4 5 1 8 1 2 3 6 5 7 6	+ + - Enh. Fe. Enh. Ti. Enh. Ti. Enh. Ti. Enh. Ti Enh. Fe. + Enh. Ti. + Enh. Ti Enh. Ti Enh. Ti Enh. Ti Enh. Ti Enh. Ti Enh. Ti.
$4685 \cdot 86$ $4713 \cdot 29$ $4861 \cdot 53$ $4921 \cdot 92$ $4924 \cdot 03$ $5015 \cdot 69$ $5018 \cdot 85$ $5167 \cdot 53$ $5169 \cdot 48$ $5172 \cdot 88$ $5183 \cdot 79$ $5875 \cdot 87$	$\begin{array}{c}$	He H Parh Fe Parh Fe Mg Fe Mg Mg He	2 6 40 2 2 2 1 1 1 4 6 20		+ + + + - Enh. Fe. + - Enh. Fe Enh. Fe. + +

Spectrum of the Corona.

The following are the wave-lengths determined at the three eclipses of 1900, 1901, and 1905:-

1900.	1901.	1905.	Mean.	Intensity.
		5535.8	5535 · 8	2
	5304	$5303\cdot 1$	$5303\cdot 1$	20
		$5117 \cdot 7$	$5117 \cdot 7$	$egin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$
5073			5073	1
4779			4779	1
4725 ?			4725	
4722 ?			$\boldsymbol{4722}$	
$4586\cdot 3$		-	4586	6
$4566\cdot 5$	4565	-	4566	6
4400	-	-	4400	1 4 2 5
$4358\cdot 8$			4359	4
$4311 \cdot 3$		National Contracts	4311	2
$4230 \cdot 6$	$4230 \cdot 9$	$4231 \cdot 1$	$4231 \cdot 0$	5
4130			4130	
		$4087 \cdot 4$	4087	
$3987\cdot 2$	3987	$3987\cdot 1$	$3987\cdot 1$	3
	3891 • 2		3891	
$3800 \cdot 8$	3801 · 1	$3800 \cdot 8$	$3800 \cdot 9$	3
$3642\cdot 9$		$3642 \cdot 0$	$3642\cdot 5$	$\frac{3}{2}$
Bernany .	3505 ?		3505 ?	
$3461\cdot 3$		-	3461	1
	3454		3454	9
-	$3387 \cdot 9$		$3387 \cdot 9$	12
-	3361 ?		3361 ?	

The photographs taken in 1905 are in excellent definition in the green and at the line 4231. The part from 4500 to 4685 is, unfortunately, not given, as the plates were carried back from Sfax separated by thin pieces of card and fogged where these were in contact. The lines in the extreme ultra-violet were only obtained in The wave-lengths were determined by reference to chromospheric lines by means of Hartmann's formula.

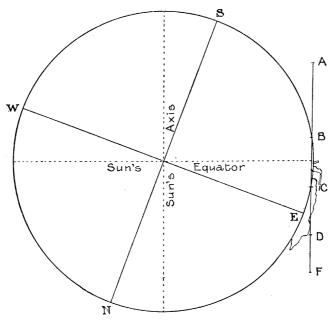
Experience gained in these three eclipses shows that a slit spectroscope is most advantageously used when tangential as nearly as possible to the sun at the point of second contact. This applies both to the chromospheric and the corona spectrum.

PROF. F. W. DYSON: DETERMINATIONS OF WAVE-LENGTH, ETC.

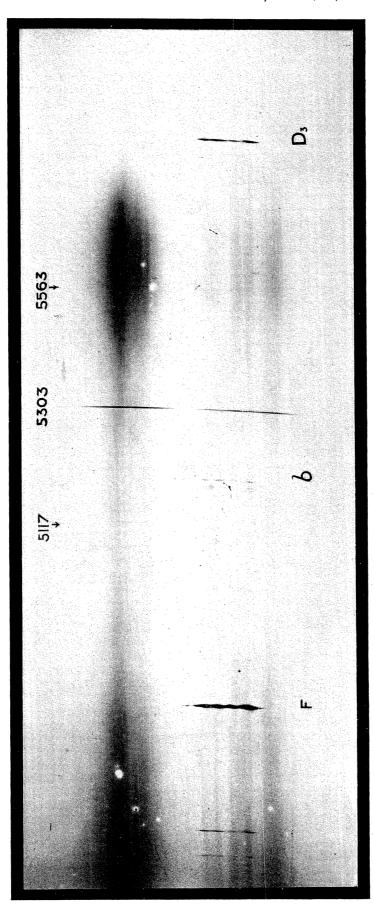
DESCRIPTION OF PLATE 9.

SPECTRUM OF THE CORONA AND HIGHER CHROMOSPHERE, OBTAINED AT SFAX AT THE TOTAL ECLIPSE OF 1905, AUGUST 30.

The photograph was exposed from about 15 seconds after the beginning of totality to about 15 seconds from the end, the slit being nearly tangential to the sun at the point of second contact and passing through a large prominence. The plate is made from a copy on glass (enlarged about four times) of the original negative. The two corona lines at 5117 and 5563 have been slightly accentuated to make them clearly visible on the plate.



In the above diagram, which is drawn to scale, the line ABCDF gives the breadth of the spectrum obtained. The continuous spectrum is shown corresponding to AB and CF, but is strongest in the part AB, which shows two faint lines at 5563 and 5117. The chromospheric lines are shown in the part corresponding to CD and end sharply. No chromospheric lines are seen in the part AB.



5563

5303

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